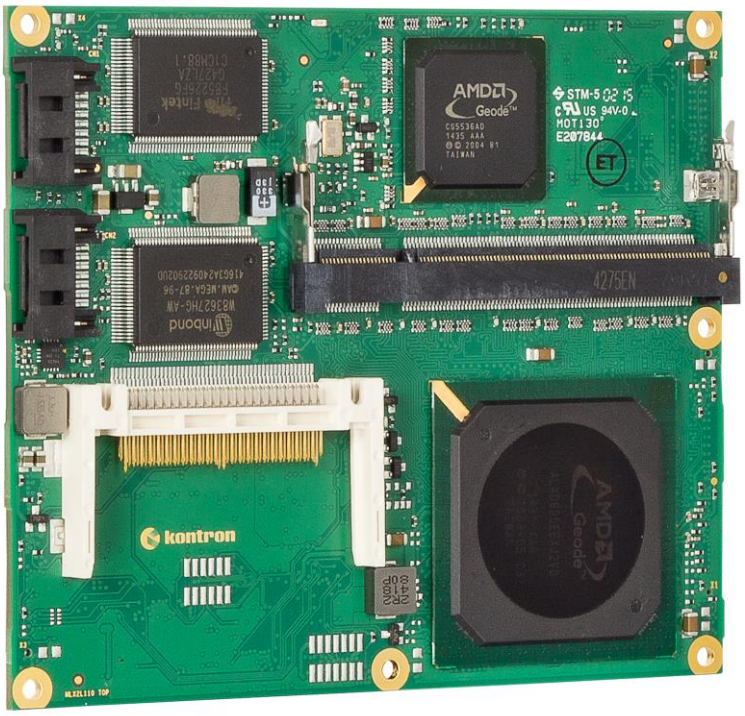
Kontron User's Guide



ETX®-LX2

Document Revision 1.1

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1 User Information

1.1 About This Document

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1.4 Standards

Kontron Embedded Modules GmbH is certified to ISO 9000 standards.

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This Kontron Embedded Modules GmbH product is warranted against defects in material and workmanship for the warranty period from the date of shipment. During the warranty period, Kontron Embedded Modules GmbH will at its discretion decide to repair or replace defective products.

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1.6 Technical Support

Technicians and engineers from Kontron Embedded Modules GmbH and/or its subsidiaries are available for technical support. We are committed to making our product easy to use and will help you use our products in your systems.

Before contacting Kontron Embedded Modules GmbH technical support, please consult our Web site at http://www.kontron-emea.com/emd for the latest product documentation, utilities, and drivers. If the information does not help solve the problem, contact us by telephone or email.

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2 Introduction

2.1 ETX®-LX

The ETX®-LX is an ETX® (Embedded Technology eXtended) form factor computer-on-module combining the extremely low power consumption and high performance of the AMD Geode™ LX 800 Processor with integrated Northbridge and the AMD CS5536 Companion Device. The LX 800 features a 128KB L2 Cache and supports DDR400 SODIMM up to 1024 MB.

The ETX®-LX is fully compliant with the ETX® Component SBC™ Specification V3.0. This computer-on-module features a 32-bit/33MHz PCI Bus Interface, IDE, serial ports, parallel port, Ethernet, Compact Flash, USB v2.0, LVDS panel support, keyboard/mouse and AC'97 audio. The flexibility of the ETX® computer-on-module concept allows the baseboard designer to optimize how each of these functions is physically implemented.

2.2 ETX® Documentation

This product manual serves as one of three principal references for an ETX® design. It documents the specifications and features of *ETX®-LX* modules. The other two references, which are available from the Kontron Web site, include:

The ETX® Specification defines the ETX® module form factor, pin out, and signals. You should read this first.

The ETX® Design Guide serves as a general guide for baseboard design, with a focus on maximum flexibility to accommodate a range of ETX® modules.

2.3 ETX® Benefits

Embedded technology extended (ETX®) modules are very compact (~100mm square, 12mm thick), highly integrated computers. All ETX® modules feature a standardized form factor and a standardized connector layout that carry a specified set of signals. This standardization allows designers to create a single-system baseboard that can accept present and future ETX® modules.

- ETX® modules include common personal computer (PC) peripheral functions such as:
- Graphics
- Parallel, Serial, and USB ports
- Keyboard/mouse
- Ethernet
- Sound
- IDE

The baseboard designer can optimize exactly how each of these functions implements physically. Designers can place connectors precisely where needed for the application on a baseboard designed to optimally fit a system's packaging.

Peripheral PCI or ISA buses can be implemented directly on the baseboard rather than on mechanically unwieldy expansion cards. The ability to build a system on a single baseboard using the computer as one plug-in component simplifies packaging, eliminates cabling, and significantly reduces system-level cost.

A single baseboard design can use a range of ETX® modules. This flexibility can differentiate products at various price/performance points, or to design future proof systems that have a built-in upgrade path. The modularity of an ETX® solution also ensures against obsolescence as computer technology evolves. A properly designed ETX® baseboard can work with several successive generations of ETX® modules.

An ETX® baseboard design has many advantages of a custom, computer-board design but delivers better obsolescence protection, greatly reduced engineering effort, and faster time to market.

3 Specifications

3.1 Functional Specifications

Processor & Northbridge: AMD Geode™ LX 800 @ 500MHz

- AMD Geode™ LX 800 CPU, operates from 200MHz up to 500MHz
- Cache: 64KB-I /64KB-D Cache, 128KB L2 Cache
- MMX and 3DNow
- GeodeLink™ Control Processor, Interface Units, Memory Controller, PCI Bridge
- PCI 2.2 compliant 33 MHz operation
- Memory: One unbuffered DDR 266/333/400 DDR SODIMM up to 1024MB
- PCI Bus: 32-bit/33MHz 4 PCI Masters (3,3V only)
- Onboard video graphics array (VGA): Integrated in LX 800
- CRT: 1920x1440x8bpp at 60Hz, 1600x1200x16bpp at 72Hz
- One channel LVDS 87.5MHz with LVDS Transmitter NS DS90C385A
- LVDS: 1x24bpp (open LDI) or 1x18bpp
- TFT Resolution up to 1024x768 with LVDS variant and 1600x1200 with TTL variant
- Real-Time Clock (RTC) with CMOS RAM
- Power Management Controller — ACPI v2.0 compliant

Southbridge: AMD CS5536 Companion Device

- Primary IDE: 1 Channel UDMA-66/100 IDE port
- Universal Serial Bus (USB): 4x USB 2.0
- USB 1.1 supported by one OHCI-based host controller
- USB 2.0 supported by one EHCI-based host controller
- Audio Codec ‘97 (AC’97) Controller
- System Management Bus (SMB) Controller
- LPC Bus
- Watchdog Timer (WDT)

ISA Bus: Fintek LPC to ISA Bridge F85226FG

- Supports only 8/2x8 bit memory, I/O, IRQ slave feature

PCI to SATA Controller: VIA VT6421A

- 2 Channels Serial ATA Spec. Rev. 1.0, up to 150 MB/s per channel
- Secondary IDE: 1 Channel UDMA-66/100/133 IDE port

- Onboard Compact Flash socket (Master on secondary IDE)

Super I/O: Winbond W83627HF LPC Super I/O

- Serial Ports (COM1 and COM2)
- Two high-speed 16550 compatible UARTs with 16-byte send/receive FIFOs
- Transistor-to-transistor (TTL) signals only
- Infrared Device Association (IrDA) 1.0 SIR interface
- Parallel Port (LPT1) - Shared with floppy signals: Enhanced Parallel Port (EPP) and Extended Capabilities Port (ECP) with bi-directional capability
- Floppy - shared with LPT signals: 360K/720K/1.2M/1.44M/2.88M format; 250K, 300K, 500K, 1M, 2M bps data transfer rate
- IrDA version 1.0 SIR protocol
- PS/2 Keyboard and Mouse

Onboard Ethernet: Davicom DM9102H

- 10BASE-T/100BASE-T LAN

Audio: Realtek ALC203

- 16-bit, full-duplex AC'97 Rev. 2.3 compatible audio CODEC

BIOS: Award, 512KB Flash BIOS

- BIOS support for external super I/O (COM3, COM4, LPT, and Floppy)

3.2 Mechanical Specifications

3.2.1 Module dimensions

- 95.0 mm x 114.0 mm (3.75" x 4.5")
- Height approx. 10 mm (0.4")

3.3 Memory

- The maximum recommended height of a memory module is 2.8mm. SO-DIMM DDR memory modules not following this specification may cause mounting problems and contact the heatspreader and/or the LPCtoISA Bridge
- Recommended memory:

  256MB: Part No. 97007-2560-00-0
  512MB: Part No. 97007-5120-00-0
  1024MB: Part No. 97007-1024-00-0

3.4 Electrical Specifications

3.4.1 Supply Voltage

5V DC +/- 5%

3.4.2 Supply Voltage Ripple

Maximum 100 mV peak to peak 0 – 20 MHz

3.4.3 Supply Current 5 V_SB

Typical 100 mA

3.4.4 Supply Current (preliminary)

Power-consumption tests were executed under DOS and WindowsXP with 512MB of RAM.

DOS:

CPU Clock	500MHz		
Mode	Prompt	Standby	Suspend
Power Consumption	1.5 A 7,4 W	1,3 A 6,45 W	1,3 A 6,45 W

Windows XP:

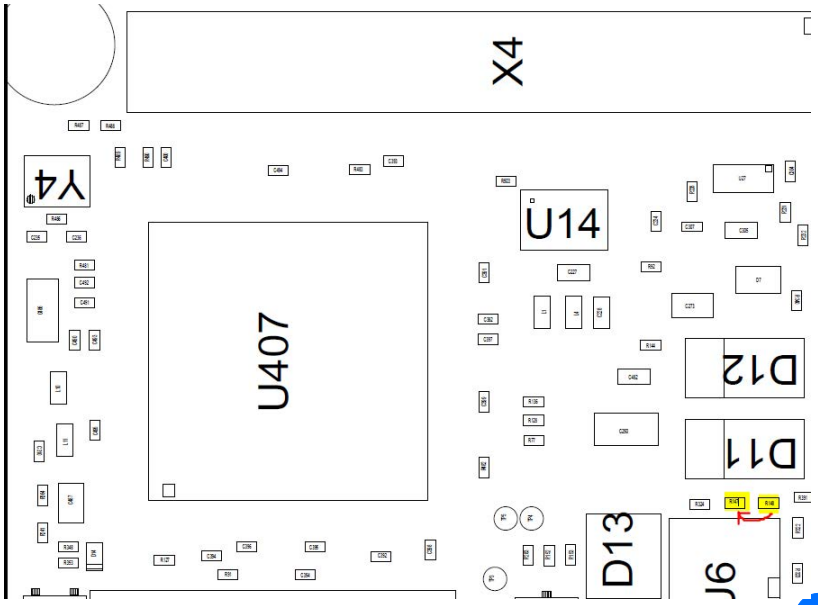
CPU Clock	500MHz			
Mode	Full Load	Idle	Standby S1	Standby S3
Power Consumption	1.55 A 7,8 W	1,3 A 6,50 W	1,00 A 5,00 W	0,35 W

3.4.5 CMOS Battery Power Consumption

RTC	Voltage	Current
Winbond W83627HF	2.5V	1.6 µA
	3.0V	2.7 µA

CMOS battery power consumption was measured with an ETX®-LX module on a standard Kontron ETX® evaluation board. The system was turned off and the battery was removed from the evaluation board. The 2.5 V or 3.0 V of power was supplied from a DC power supply. Do not use these values to calculate the CMOS battery lifetime.

If the board is to be operated without separate 5 V_SB, jumper R148 must be moved to position R147 in order to have proper power sequencing for all internal voltages. Otherwise, components like CF or Ethernet controller may sporadically exhibit malfunction, e.g. remain undetected at boot time.



3.5 Environmental Specifications

3.5.1 Temperature

Operating: (with Kontron Embedded Modules GmbH heat-spreader plate assembly):

- Ambient temperature: 0 to +60 °C
- Maximum Heatspreader-plate temperature: 0 to +60 °C (*)

Non-operating: -30 to +85 °C

See the Thermal Management chapter for additional information.

*Note: *The maximum operating temperature with the Heatspreader plate is the maximum measurable temperature on any spot on the Heatspreader's surface. You must maintain the temperature according to the above specification.*

3.5.2 Humidity

- Operating: 10% to 90% (non condensing)
- Non operating: 5% to 95% (non condensing)

3.6 MTBF

The following MTBF (Mean Time between Failure) values were calculated using a combination of manufacturer's test data, if the data was available, and a Bellcore calculation for the remaining parts. The Bellcore calculation used is "Method 1 Case 1". In that particular method the components are assumed to be operating at a 50 % stress level in a 40° C ambient environment and the system is assumed to have not been burned in. Manufacturer's data has been used wherever possible. The manufacturer's data, when used, is specified at 50° C, so in that sense the following results are slightly conservative. The MTBF values shown below are for a 40° C in an office or telecommunications environment. Higher temperatures and other environmental stresses (extreme altitude, vibration, salt water exposure, etc.) lower MTBF values.

System MTBF (hours): tbd.

Notes: Fans usually shipped with Kontron Embedded Modules GmbH products have 50,000-hour typical operating life. The above estimates assume no fan, but a passive heat sinking arrangement.
Estimated RTC battery life (as opposed to battery failures) is not accounted for in the above figures and need to be considered for separately. Battery life depends on both temperature and operating conditions. When the Kontron unit has external power; the only battery drain is from leakage paths.

4 Connector X1 Subsystems

4.1 PCI Bus

The implementation of this subsystem complies with the *ETX® Specification*. Implementation information is provided in the *ETX® Design Guide*. Refer to the documentation for additional information.

4.2 USB

One OHCI and EHCI USB host controller each supporting both version 1.1 and 2.0 USB standards are on the Geode™ CS5536 Companion Device. A total of 4 USB ports are provided.

Configuration

The USB controllers are PCI bus devices. The BIOS allocates required system resources during configuration of the PCI bus.

4.3 Audio

The sound function on the *ETX®-LX* board comes from an AC'97 controller integrated in the Geode™ CS5536 Companion Device and a Realtek ALC203 AC'97 Codec. The 20-bit DAC, 18-bit ADC, AC'97 2.3 compatible, full-duplex codec supports a Line In, a Stereo Line Out, and a Mono Microphone In interface.

Configuration

The audio controller is a PCI bus device. The BIOS allocates required system resources during configuration of the PCI device.

4.4 Serial IRQ

The serial IRQ pin offers a standardized interface to link interrupt request lines to a single wire.

Configuration

The serial IRQ machine is in "Quiet Mode", the frame size is 21 frames and the start frame pulse width is 4 clocks.

4.5 3.3V Power Supply for External Components

The *ETX®-LX* offers the ability to connect external 3.3V devices to the onboard-generated supply voltage. Pin 12 and Pin 16 of Connector X1 are used to connect to the +3.3V ±5% power supply. The maximum external load is 500mA. Contact Kontron Embedded Systems Technical Support for help with this feature.

Warning: ***Do not connect 3.3 V pins to an external 3.3 V supply!***

For additional information, refer to the *ETX® Design Guide*, I^2C application notes, and JIDA specifications, all of which are available on the Kontron Embedded Systems Web site.

5 Connector X2 Subsystems

5.1 ISA Bus Slot

The implementation of this subsystem complies with the *ETX® Specification*. Implementation information is provided in the *ETX® Design Guide*. Refer to the documentation for additional information.

- LPC type, only supports 8/2x8 bit memory, I/O, IRQ slave feature

6 Connector X3 Subsystems

6.1 VGA Output

The ETX®-LX graphics subsystem is integrated in the AMD Geode™ LX 800 CPU/Northbridge.

Graphics Processor

- Command buffer interface
- Hardware accelerated rotation BLTs
- Colour depth conversion
- Palletized colour
- Full 8x8 colour pattem buffer
- Separate base addresses for all channels
- Monochrome inversion

Display Controller

- Retrieves graphics, video, and cursor data.
- Serializes the streams.
- Performs any necessary colour lookups and output for matting.
- Interface to the Video Processor for driving the display device(s).
- CRT resolution: 1920x1440x8bbp@60Hz, 1600x1200x16bbp@100Hz
- Supports up to 1600*1200*32bbp@60Hz TTL and 1027*768*32bbp@60Hz LVDS

Video Processor

- Supports video scaling, mixing and VOP
- Hardware video up/down scalar
- Graphics/video alpha blending and colour key muxing
- Digital VOP (SD and HD) or TFT outputs
- Legacy RGB mode
- VOP supports SD and HD 480p, 480i, 720p, and 1080i
- VESA 1.1, 2.0 and BT.601 24-bit (out only), BT.656 compliant

Integrated Analog CRT DAC, System Clock PLLs and Dot Clock PLL

Configuration

The graphics controller requires the following resources:

- An IRQ

- Several I/O addresses
- Memory-address blocks in high memory

The BIOS allocates the resources during AGP configuration. Many resources are set for compatibility with industry-standard settings.

6.2 LVDS Flat Panel Interface (JILI)

The user interface for flat panels is the JUMPtec Intelligent LVDS Interface (JILI). The implementation of this subsystem complies with the *ETX® Specification*. Implementation information is provided in the *ETX® Design Guide*. Refer to the documentation for additional information.

6.3 Digital Flat Panel Interface (JIDI)

The *ETX®-LX* does support the JUMPtec Intelligent Digital Interface (JIDI) optional.

6.4 Serial Ports (1 and 2)

The *ETX®-LX* supports two serial interfaces (TTL). You can use COM2 for IrDA SIR Operation. This feature is implemented in the super I/O device, which is a Winbond 83627HF.

The implementation of the serial interface complies with the *ETX® Specification*. Implementation information is provided in the *ETX® Design Guide*. Refer to the documentation for additional information.

Configuration

The serial-communication interface uses I/O and IRQ resources. The resources are allocated by the BIOS during POST configuration and are set to be compatible with common PC/AT settings. Use the BIOS setup to change some parameters that relate to the serial-communication interface.

6.5 PS/2 Keyboard

The implementation of the keyboard interface complies with the *ETX® Specification*. Implementation information is provided in the *ETX® Design Guide*. Refer to the documentation for additional information.

Configuration

The keyboard uses I/O and IRQ resources. The BIOS allocates the resources during POST configuration. The resources are set to be compatible with common PC/AT settings. Use the BIOS setup to change some keyboard-related parameters.

6.6 PS/2 Mouse

The implementation of the mouse interface complies with the *ETX® Specification*. Implementation information is provided in the *ETX® Design Guide*. Refer to the documentation for additional information.

Configuration

The mouse uses I/O and IRQ resources. The BIOS allocates the resources during POST configuration. The resources are set to be compatible with common PC/AT settings. You can change some mouse-related parameters from the BIOS setup.

6.7 IrDA

The *ETX®-LX* is capable of IrDA SIR operation. This feature is implemented in the Winbond 83627HF. Contact Kontron Embedded Systems for help with this feature.

6.8 Parallel Port

The parallel-communication interface shares signals with the floppy-disk interface. The implementation of this parallel port complies with the *ETX® Specification.* Implementation information is provided in the *ETX® Design Guide*. Refer to the documentation for additional information.

Configuration

The parallel-communication interface uses I/O, IRQ, and DMA resources. The resources are allocated by the BIOS during POST configuration and are set to be compatible with common PC/AT settings. You can change some parameters of the parallel-communication interface through the BIOS setup.

6.9 Floppy

The floppy-disk interface shares signals with the parallel-communication interface. The floppy interface is limited to one drive (drive_1). A standard floppy cable has two connectors for floppy drives. One connector has a non-twisted cable leading to it, the other has a twisted cable leading to it. When using the floppy interface you must connect the floppy drive to the connector (drive_1) that has the non-twisted cable leading to it.

The implementation of this subsystem complies with the *ETX® Specification.* Implementation information is provided in the *ETX® Design Guide*. Refer to the documentation for additional information.

Configuration

The floppy-disk controller uses I/O, IRQ, and direct memory access (DMA) resources. These resources are allocated by BIOS during POST configuration and are compatible with common PC/AT settings. You can change some parameters of the parallel-communication interface through the BIOS setup.

7 Connector X4 Subsystems

7.1 IDE Ports

The Primary IDE host adapter is capable of UDMA/100 operation. The implementation of this subsystem complies with the *ETX® Specification.* Implementation information is provided in the *ETX® Design Guide*. Refer to those documents for additional information.

A Compact Flash socket (Secondary Master) for commercial Compact Flash modules and a Secondary IDE Channel is integrated on the module via VT6421A SATA Controller.

Configuration

Primary and secondary IDE host adapters are PCI bus devices. They are configured by the BIOS during PCI device configuration. You can disable them in setup. Resources used by the primary and secondary IDE host adapters are compatible with the PC/AT.

7.2 Ethernet

The Ethernet interface is based on the Davicom DM9102H Fast Ethernet PCI controller. This 32-bit PCI controller is a fully integrated 10/100BASE-TX LAN solution.

The Ethernet interface requires an external transformer. See the *ETX® Design Guide* for suggestions on transformer selection.

Configuration

The ETX®-LX provides Ethernet connectivity using the Davicom DM9102H Integrated 10BASE-T/100BASE-TX Ethernet Controller.

Note: Implementation and limitation information is provided in the ETX® Design Guide from document revision 2.1. Refer to the documentation for additional information.

7.3 Power Control

7.3.1 Power Good / Reset Input

The *ETX®-LX* provides an external input for a power-good signal or a manual- reset pushbutton. The implementation of this subsystem complies with the *ETX® Specification.* Implementation information is provided in the *ETX® Design Guide*. Refer to the documentation for additional information.

7.4 Power Management

7.4.1 ATX PS Control

The *ETX®-LX* can control the main power output of an ATX-style power supply. The implementation of this subsystem complies with the *ETX® Specification.* Implementation information is provided in the *ETX® Design Guide*. Refer to the documentation for additional information.

7.5 Miscellaneous Circuits

7.5.1 Speaker

The implementation of the speaker output complies with the *ETX® Specification*. Implementation information is provided in the *ETX® Design Guide*. Refer to the documentation for additional information.

7.5.2 Battery

The implementation of the battery input complies with the *ETX® Specification*. Implementation information is provided in the *ETX® Design Guide*. Refer to the documentation for additional information.

In compliance with EN60950, there are at least two current-limiting devices (resistor and diode) between the battery and the consuming component.

7.5.3 I^2C Bus

The *ETX®-LX* provides a software-driven I^2C port to communicate with external I^2C slave devices. This port is implemented on ETX® Pins I2DAT and I2CLK.

You also can access the I^2C Bus via JUMP*tec*'s Intelligent Device Architecture (JIDA) BIOS functions.

For additional information, refer to the *ETX® Design Guide*. I^2C application notes and JIDA specifications are available at the Kontron Web site.

7.5.4 SM Bus

System Management (SM) bus signals are connected to the SM bus controller, which is located in the AMD Geode CS5536 Companion Device. For more information about the SM bus, please see the System Management (SM) Bus section in the Appendix B: System Resources chapter.

8 Special Features

8.1 Watchdog Timer

This feature is implemented in the AMD Geode CS5536 Companion Device. You can configure the Watchdog Timer (WDT) from the BIOS setup to start after a set amount of time after power-on boot. The application software should strobe the WDT to prevent its timeout. Upon timeout, the WDT resets and restarts the system. This provides a way to recover from program crashes or lockups.

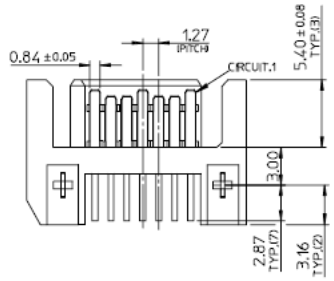
Configuration

- Timer 1 has a range of 0 to 30 minutes and triggers NMI.
- Timer 2 has a range of 0 to 30 minutes and triggers Reset.
- The range of both timers by using JIDA32 is 0 to 65535 seconds.

Contact Kontron for information on programming and operating the WDT.

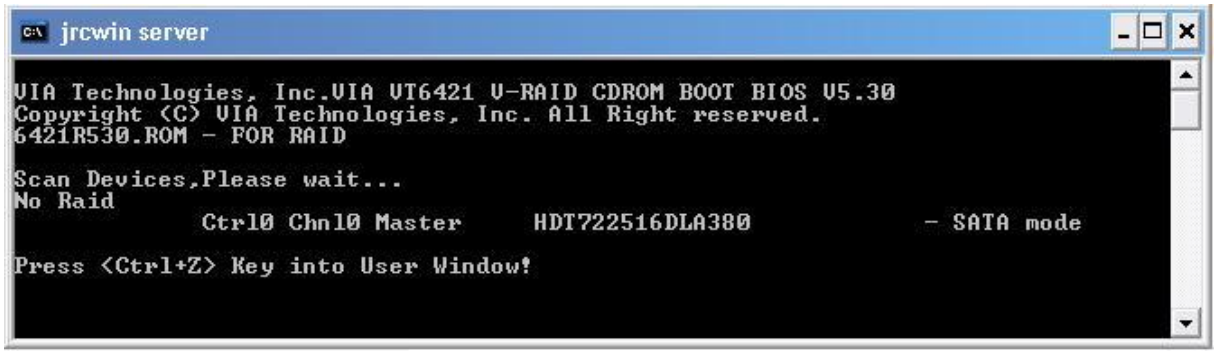
8.2 SATA

The ETX®-LX conforms to ETX® 3.0 standard and provides an onboard SATA controller VIA VT6421A with 2 onboard standard SATA 1 connectors.

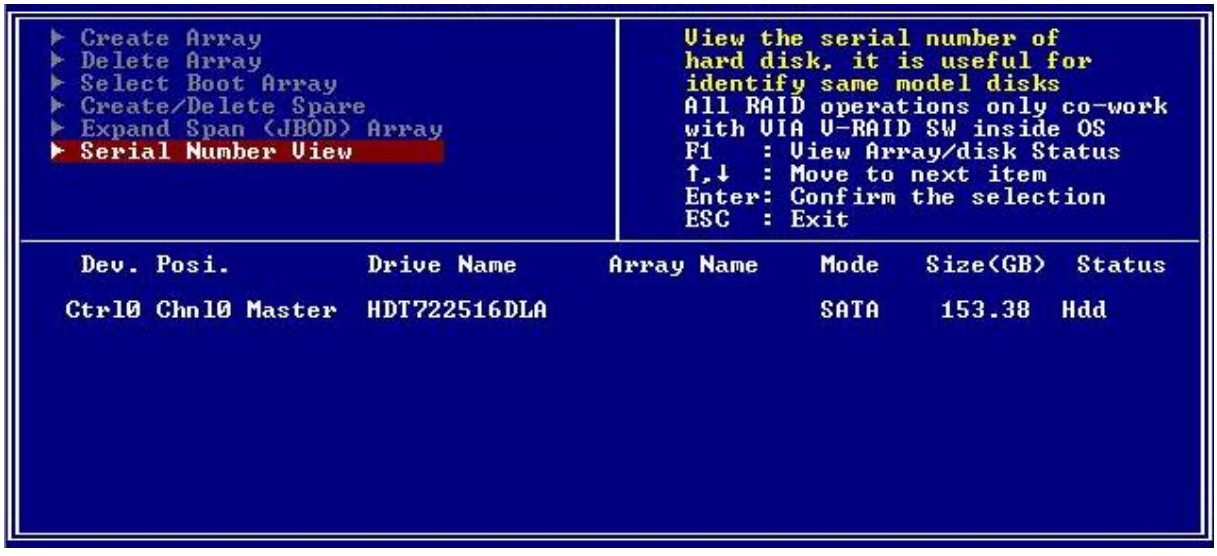


Note:
To enable RAID support select 'RAID'as SATA/2nd IDE operation mode in setup.
If 'IDE' is selected a second OptionROM is loaded and no RAID support is given.

To access the SATA Option ROM press "CTRL" + "Z" during POST. The option ROM is only available if SATA RAID is enabled in the BIOS and a SATA Device is connected.



To create a Raid Array (Raid0, 1, JBOD) enter the Option ROM and follow the instructions



When using the SATA ports it's necessary to load a SATA Raid driver during installation process. Please visit the ETX®-LX download section for more details and the latest driver revision.

9 Design Considerations

9.1 Thermal Management

A heat-spreader assembly is available from Kontron for the *ETX®-LX*. The heat-spreader plate on top of this assembly is NOT a heat sink. It works as an ETX®-standard thermal interface to use with a heat sink or other cooling device.

External cooling must be provided to maintain the heat-spreader plate at proper operating temperatures. Under worst-case conditions, the cooling mechanism must maintain an ambient air and Heatspreader plate temperature of 60° C or less.

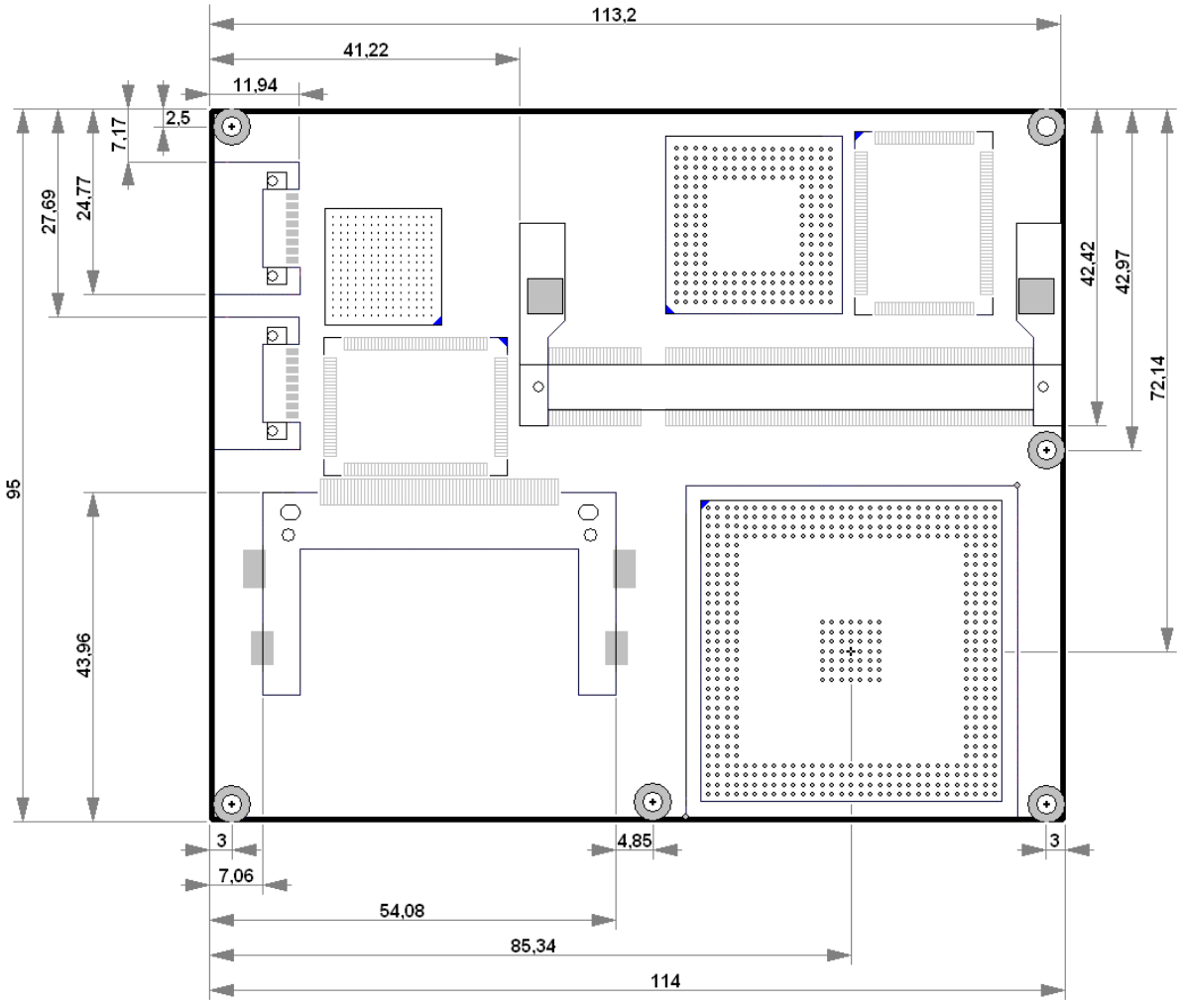
The aluminium slugs and thermal pads on the underside of the heat-spreader assembly implement thermal interfaces between the Heatspreader plate and the major heat-generating components on the *ETX®-LX*. About 80 percent of the power dissipated within the module is conducted to the heat-spreader plate and can be removed by the cooling solution.

The total power consumption of the *ETX®-LX* module is 6.6 watts typical (with 512 MB DDR400). Design the cooling solution accordingly.

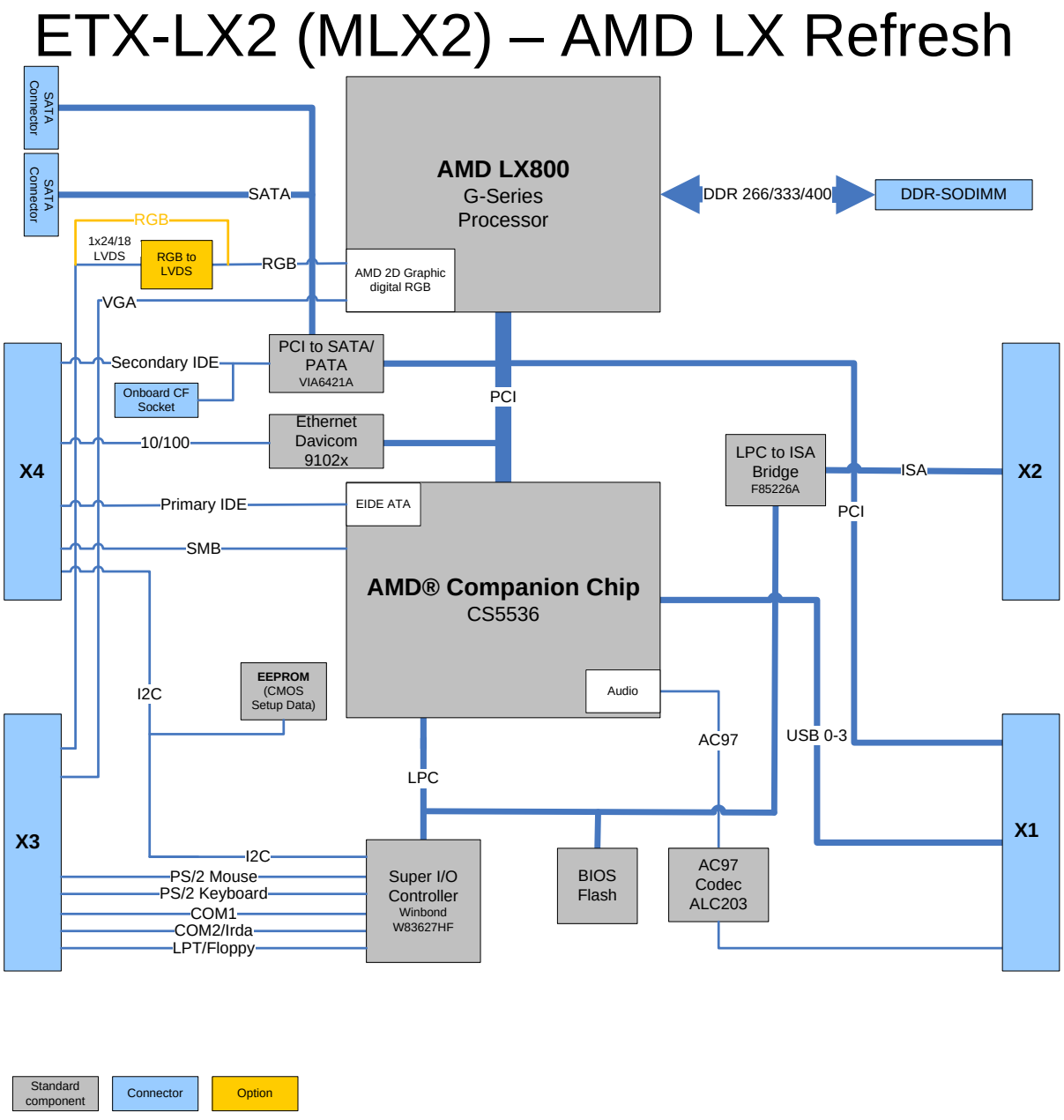
Design the cooling solution to dissipate 10 watts to provide adequate cooling for the ETX®-LX.

You can use many thermal-management solutions with the heat-spreader plates, including active and passive approaches. The optimum cooling solution varies, depending on the ETX® application and environmental conditions. Please see the *ETX® Design Guide* for further information on thermal management.

9.2 Module Dimensions



Appendix A: block diagram



10 Appendix B: System Resources

10.1 Interrupt Request (IRQ) Lines

IRQ #	Used For	Available	Comment
0	Timer0	No	
1	Keyboard	No	
2	Slave 8259	No	
3	COM2	No	Note (1)
4	COM1	No	Note (1)
5	LPT2	Yes	Note (2)
6	Floppy Drive Controller	No	Note (1)
7	LPT1	No	Note (1)
8	RTC	No	
9	SCI	No	Note (3)
10	COM3	Yes	Note (2)
11	COM4	Yes	Note (2)
12	PS/2 Mouse	No	Note (1)
13	FPU	No	
14	IDE0	No	
15	IDE1	No	

Note: 1 If the "Used For" device is disabled in setup, the corresponding interrupt is available for other devices.
2 Unavailable if baseboard is equipped with an I/O controller SMC FDC37C669, and the device is enabled in setup.
3 Unavailable in Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) mode. Used as System Control Interrupt (SCI) in ACPI mode. Currently not free in Non-ACPI mode.

10.2 Direct Memory Access (DMA) Channels

DMA #	Used for	Available	Comment
0	Memory Refresh	Yes	
1	Sound	No	Note (1)
2	Floppy disk controller	No	Note (1)
3	free	No	Unavailable if LPT used in ECP mode.
4	Cascade	No	
5	Sound	No	Note (1)
6	free	Yes	
7	free	Yes	

Note: If the "Used For" device is disabled in setup, the corresponding DMA channel is available for other devices.

10.3 Memory Area

Upper Memory	Used for	Available	Comment
C0000h – C7FFFh	VGA BIOS	No	
C8000h – E7FFFh	User Area (128k max) SATA Controller PXE OPROM	Yes	If enabled SATA Controller needs 64k and PXE OPROM 40k
E8000h - FFFFFh	System BIOS	No	

10.4 I/O Address Map

The I/O-port addresses of the *ETX®-LX* are functionally identical with a standard PC/AT.

The following I/O ports are used:

I/O Address	Used for	Comment
00h – 0Fh C0h – DFh	8237DMA Controller	
20h, 21h	8259A PIC	
2Eh, 2Fh	SuperIO Access Port	
40h – 43h(XT/AT) 44h – 47h(PS/2)	8254PIT	
4Eh, 4Fh	85226 LPC to ISA	
60h – 64h	KeyBoard Controller	
90h – 96h	PS/2 P OS	
A0h, A1h	8259A PIC	
F0h – FFh	Math Co-Processor,X87 Unit	
1F0h – 1F7h	Primary IDE	
200h – 22Fh	GAME I/O	
220h – 22Fh	Sound Blaster / AD Lib	
295h, 296h	HW Monitor Access Port	
279h, A79h	Plus and Play Configuration Register	
2F8h – 2FFh	COM2	
330h, 331h	MIDI Port	
378h – 37Ah	Parallel Printer Port	
3B0h – 3BFh	MDA / MGA	
3C0h – 3CFh	EGA / VGA	
3D4h – 3D9h	CGA/CRT Register, Controller and Palette Register	
3F0h – 3F7h	Floppy Diskette	
3F6h, 3F7h	Enhanced IDE	
3F8h – 3FFh	COM1	
0CF8h	PCI Configuration Register/Address	
0CFCh	PCI Configuration Register/data	

10.5 Peripheral Component Interconnect (PCI) Devices

PCI Device	PCI Interrupt	Comment
Slot1	PIRQ A	AD19
Slot2	PIRQ B	AD20
Slot3	PIRQ C	AD21
Slot4	PIRQ D	AD22
LAN chip	PIRQ A	AD29
PCI to IDE/SATA (VT6421)	PIRQ B	AD30

You can use REQ0/GNT0, REQ1/GNT1, REQ2/GNT2, and REQ3/GNT3 pairs for external PCI devices.

10.6 Inter-IC (I2C) Bus

I2C Address	Used For	Available	Comment	JIDA-Bus-Nr.
A0h	JIDA-EEPROM	No	EEPROM for CMOS data.	0
A2h	JIDA-EEPROM	No		0

10.7 System Management (SM) Bus

Following SM bus addresses are reserved.

SM Bus Address	SM Device	Comment	JIDA-Bus-Nr.
12h	SMART_CHARGER	Not to be used with any SM bus device except a charger	1
14h	SMART_SELECTOR	Not to be used with any SM bus device except a selector	1
16h	SMART_BATTERY	Not to be used with any SM bus device except a battery	1
6Eh	Internal	Internal	1
98h	LM86	Thermal Monitoring	1
A0h	SPD	SDRAM EEPROM	1

The standard ETX®-LX Power management BIOS does support MARS (**M**obile **A**pplication platform for **R**echargeable **S**ystems). Further details about MARS are available at Embedded Modules Division - Kontron.

10.8 JILI-I²C Bus

I2C Address	Used For	Available	Comment	JIDA-Bus-Nr.
A0h	JILI-EEPROM	No	EEPROM for JILI-Data	2

11 Appendix C: BIOS Operation

The module is equipped with a Phoenix BIOS, which is located in an onboard Flash EEPROM. The device has 8-bit access. Faster access (16 bit) is provided by the shadow RAM feature. You can update the BIOS using a Flash utility.

11.1 Overview

This chapter provides a generic description of the Award BIOS for the ETX®-LX. The BIOS setup menus and available selections will vary from those of your product. For specific information on the BIOS, please contact Kontron.

Note: The BIOS menus and selections for your product will vary from those in this chapter. For the BIOS manual specific to your product, please contact Kontron.

11.2 Determining the BIOS Version

To determine the Award BIOS version, immediately press the Pause key on your keyboard as soon as you see the following text display in the upper left corner of your screen:

Phoenix - Award BIOS v6.00PG, An Energy Ally

Copyright 1984-2003, Phoenix Technology, LTD.

ETX®-LX2 BIOS RX.XX

11.3 Setup Guide

The Award BIOS Setup Utility changes system behavior by modifying the BIOS configuration. The setup program uses a number of menus to make changes and turn features on or off.

The BIOS setup menus documented in this section represent those found in most models of the *ETX®-LX.* The BIOS Setup for specific models may differ slightly.

Note: Selecting incorrect values may cause system boot failure. To recover, load the Fail safe values by pressing <F6>.

11.3.1 Starting the BIOS Setup Utility

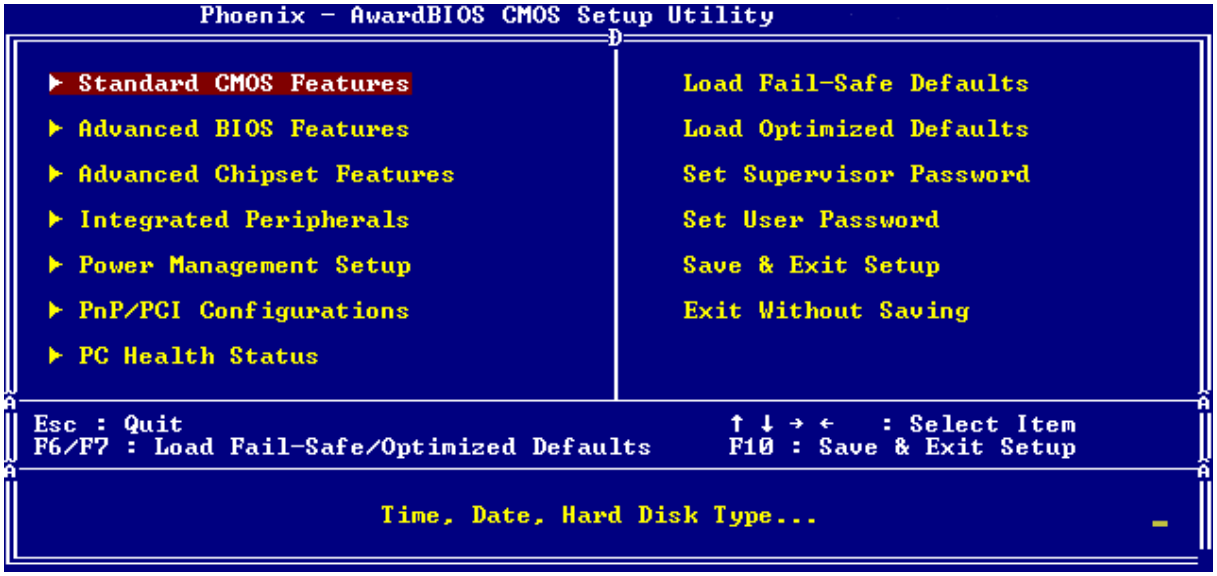
To start the Award BIOS setup utility, press **<del>** when the following string appears during boot up.

Press <del> to enter Setup

The Main Menu then appears.

11.4 Main Menu

Once you enter the Award BIOS™ CMOS Setup Utility, the Main Menu will appear on the screen. The Main Menu allows you to select from several setup functions and two exit choices. Use the arrow keys to select among the items and press <Enter> to accept your choice and enter the sub-menu.



Note: A brief description of each highlighted selection appears at the bottom of the screen.

11.4.1 Setup Items

The main menu includes the following main setup categories. Recall that some systems may not include all entries. Each category is described in detail in the sections which follow.

Standard CMOS Features:

Use this menu for basic system configuration.

Advanced BIOS Features:

Use this menu to set the Advanced Features available on your system.

Advanced Chipset Features:

Use this menu to change the values in the chipset registers and optimize your system's performance.

Integrated Peripherals:

Use this menu to specify your settings for integrated peripherals.

Power Management Setup:

Use this menu to specify your settings for power management.

PnP / PCI Configuration:

This entry appears if your system supports PnP / PCI.

PC Health Status:

This menu shows the actual state (CPU/System temperature, Voltage sensors) of the board. Use this menu to set the Shutdown temperature.

Load Fail-Safe Defaults:

Use this menu to load the BIOS default values for the minimal/stable performance required for your system to operate.

Load Optimized Defaults:

Use this menu to load the BIOS default values that are factory settings for optimal performance and system operations. While Award has designed the custom BIOS to maximize performance, the factory has the right to change these defaults to meet their needs.

Supervisor / User Password:

Use this menu to set User and Supervisor Passwords.

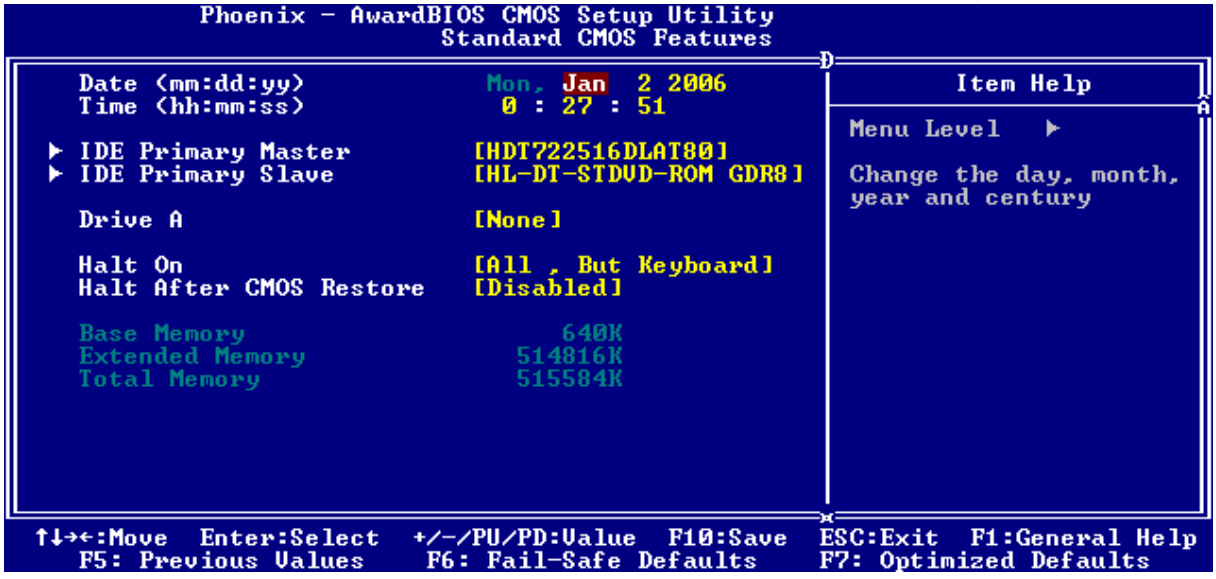
Save & Exit Setup:

Save CMOS value changes to CMOS and exit setup.

Exit Without Save:

Abandon all CMOS value changes and exit setup.

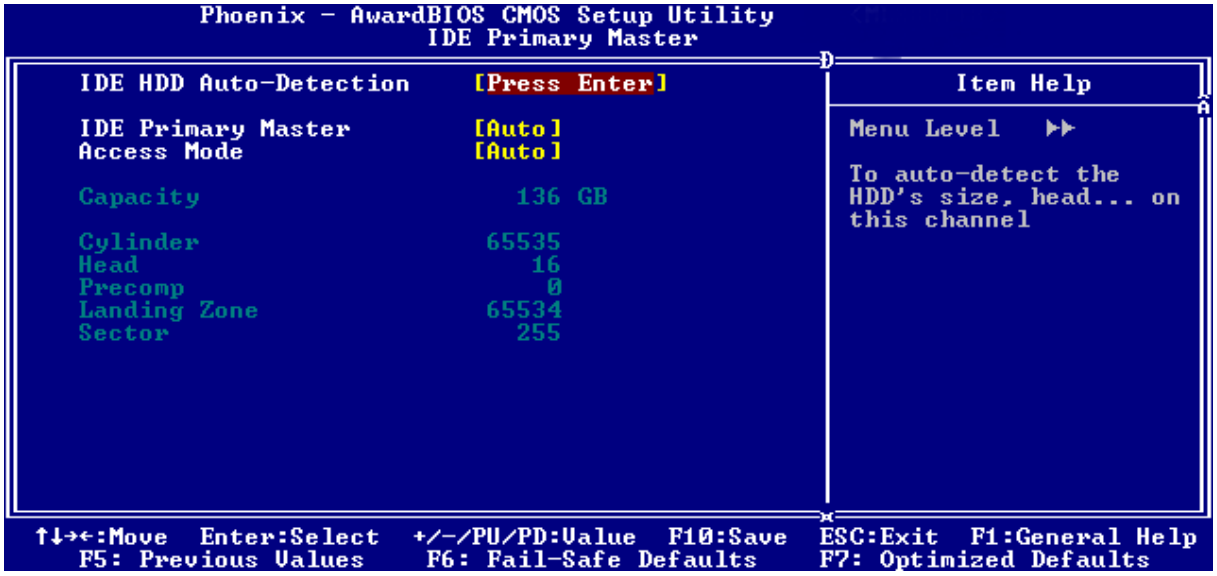
11.5 Standard CMOS Features



Feature	Option	Description
Date <mm:dd:yy>	Month DD YYYY	Set system date. Use <Enter> to move to DD or YYYY.
Time <hh:mm:ss>	HH:MM:SS	Set system time. Use <Enter> to move to MM or SS.
▸ Primary Master	Autodetected drive	Displays result of PM autotyping.
▸ Primary Slave	Autodetected drive	Displays result of PS autotyping.
Drive A	**None** 360K, 5.25 in. 1.2M, 5.25 in. 720k, 3.5 in. 1.44M, 3.5 in. 2.88M, 3.5 in.	Select floppy type. Note that 1.25 MB 3.5 in. references a 1024 byte/sector Japanese media format. The 1.25 MB 3.5 in. diskette requires a 3-Mode floppy-disk drive.
Halt On	All Errors No Errors **All, But Keyboard** All, But Diskette All, But Disk/Key	Select the situation in which you want the BIOS to stop the POST process and notify you.
Halt After CMOS Restore	**Disabled** Enabled	POST halts with a warning when CMOS values are restored from EEPROM
Base Memory	N/A	Displays amount of conventional memory in KByte detected during bootup
Extended Memory	N/A	Displays amount of extended memory in KByte detected during bootup
Total Memory	N/A	Displays the total memory available on the system

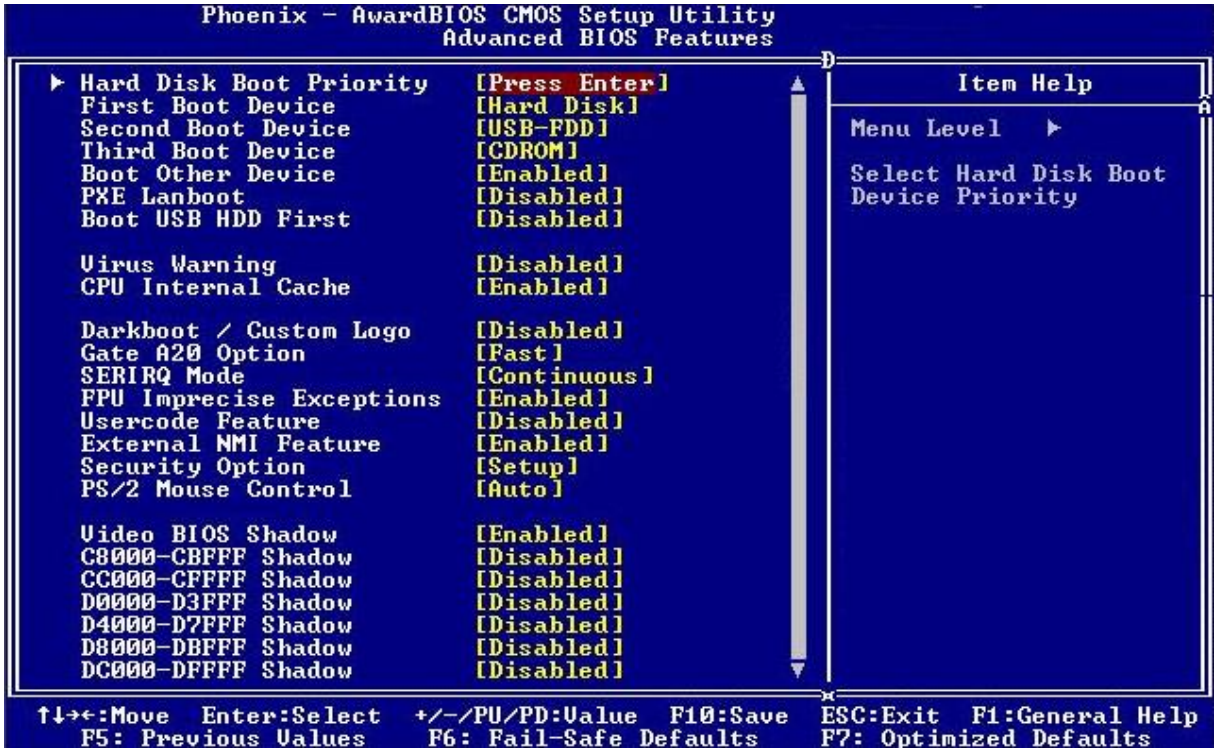
Note: In the Option column, bold shows default settings.

11.5.1 Primary Master and Slave Submenu



Feature	Option	Description
IDE HDD Auto-Detection	Press Enter	Press Enter to auto-detect the HDD on this channel. If detection is successful, the utility will fill the remaining fields on this menu
IDE Primary Master/Slave	None **Auto** Manual	Selecting "Manual" in combination with "CHS" in the menu Access Mode lets you set the remaining fields on this screen
Access Mode	CHS LBA Large **Auto**	Choose the access mode for this hard disk
Capacity	N/A	Disk drive capacity (approximate). Note that this size is usually slightly greater than the size of a formatted disk given by a disk-checking program.
Cylinders	0 to 65535	Number of cylinders.
Heads	0 to 255	Number of read/write heads.
Precomp	0 to 65535	Warning: Setting a value of 65535 means no hard disk!
Landing Zone	0 to 65535	Displays the calculated size of the drive in CHS
Sector	0 to 255	Number of total sectors per track

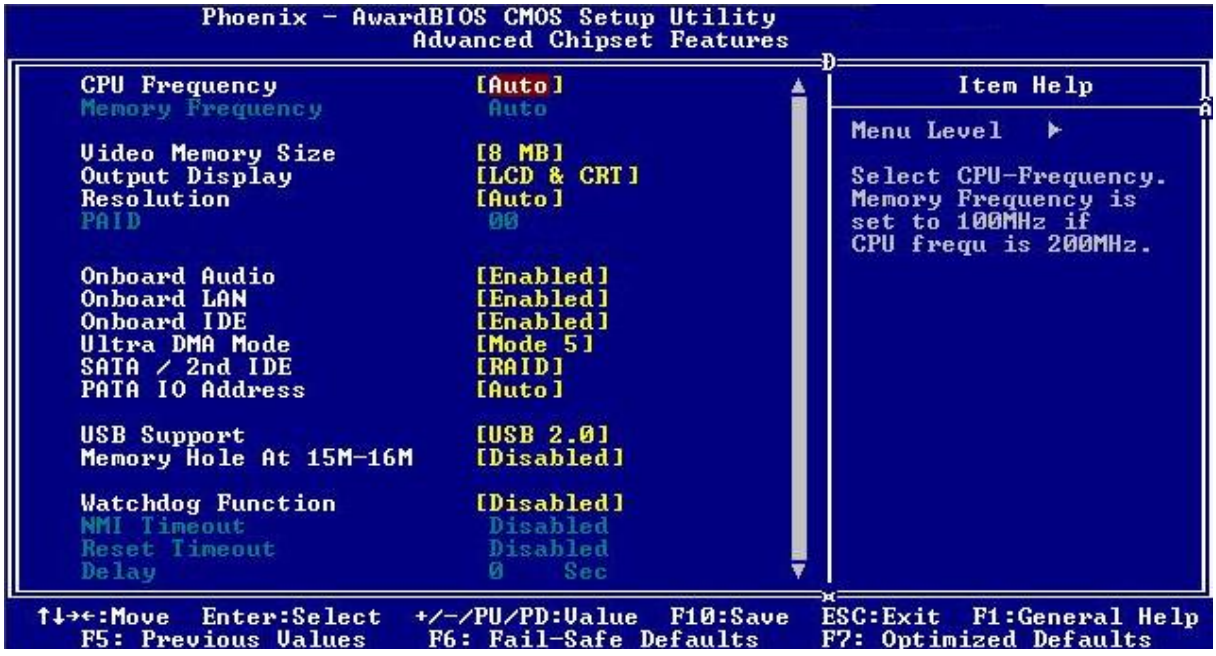
11.6 Advanced BIOS Features



Feature	Option	Description
Hard Disk Boot Priority	None IDE Removable ATAPI Removable CD-ROM Other ATAPI User **Auto**	Press Enter to Select Hard Disk Boot Device Priority. Select connected Hard Disks, USB Sticks, Onboard CF Card or SATA devices.
First Boot Device Second Boot Device Third Boot Device	Floppy **Hard Disk** CDROM **USB-FDD** USB-ZIP **USB-CDROM** LAN DISABLED	The BIOS will attempt to load the operating system from the devices specified here as the first, second and third boot devices.
Boot Other Device	Disabled **Enabled**	When enabled, the system will search all other possible locations for an operating system if it fails to find one in the devices specified under the first, second, and third boot devices.
PXE Lanboot	**Disabled** Enabled	Enables/Disables the PXE LAN boot feature.
Boot USB HDD First	**Disabled** Enabled	Enables/Disables USB HDD boot first. If a new USB HDD is connected system will always boot from a USB HDD first with this setting enabled.
Virus Warning	**Disabled** Enabled	Allows you to choose the VIRUS Warning feature for IDE Hard Disk boot sector protection. If this function is enabled and someone attempts to write data into this area, the BIOS will show a warning message on the

Feature	Option	Description
		screen and sound an alarm beep. > Enabled: Activates automatically when the system boots up and causes a warning message to appear when anything attempts to access the boot sector or hard disk partition table. > Disabled: No warning message will appear when anything attempts to access the boot sector or hard disk partition table.
CPU Internal Cache	Disabled **Enabled**	Enables or disables the internal CPU Cache
Darkboot/Custom Logo	**Disabled** Enabled	Enables or disables the Darkboot Logo
Gate A20 Option	Normal **Fast**	Select if the chipset or the keyboard controller should control GateA20. > Normal: A pin in the keyboard controller controls GateA20 > Fast: Lets the chipset control GateA20
SERIRQ Mode	Quiet **Continuous**	Select mode of the Serial IRQ Protocol
FPU Imprecise Exceptions	Disabled **Enabled**	Select the FPU Mode. If enabled, the FPU runs in Turbo mode but does not generate FPU exceptions. If disabled, the FPU runs in slower, but precise mode and FPU exceptions will be generated.
Usercode Feature	**Disabled** Enabled	Enables or disables scan for usercode
External NMI Feature	Disabled **Enabled**	Enables external NMI over IOCHCK#
Security Option	**Setup** System	Select whether a password is required every time the system boots or only when you enter setup. > System: The system will not boot and access to Setup will be denied if the correct password is not entered at the prompt. > Setup: The system will boot, but access to Setup will be denied if the correct password is not entered at the prompt.
PS/2 Mouse Control	Disabled Enabled **Auto**	> Disabled: prevents any installed mouse from functioning but frees up IRQ12 > Enabled: Mouse function installed regardless if mouse is connected or not > Auto: Allows the operating system to determine whether to enable or disable the mouse
Video BIOS Shadow	Disabled **Enabled**	Enabled copies Video BIOS to shadow RAM (improves performance)
C8000-CBFFF Shadow CC000-CFFFF Shadow D0000-D3FFF Shadow D4000-D7FFF Shadow D8000-DBFFF Shadow DC000-DFFFF Shadow	**Disabled** Enabled	

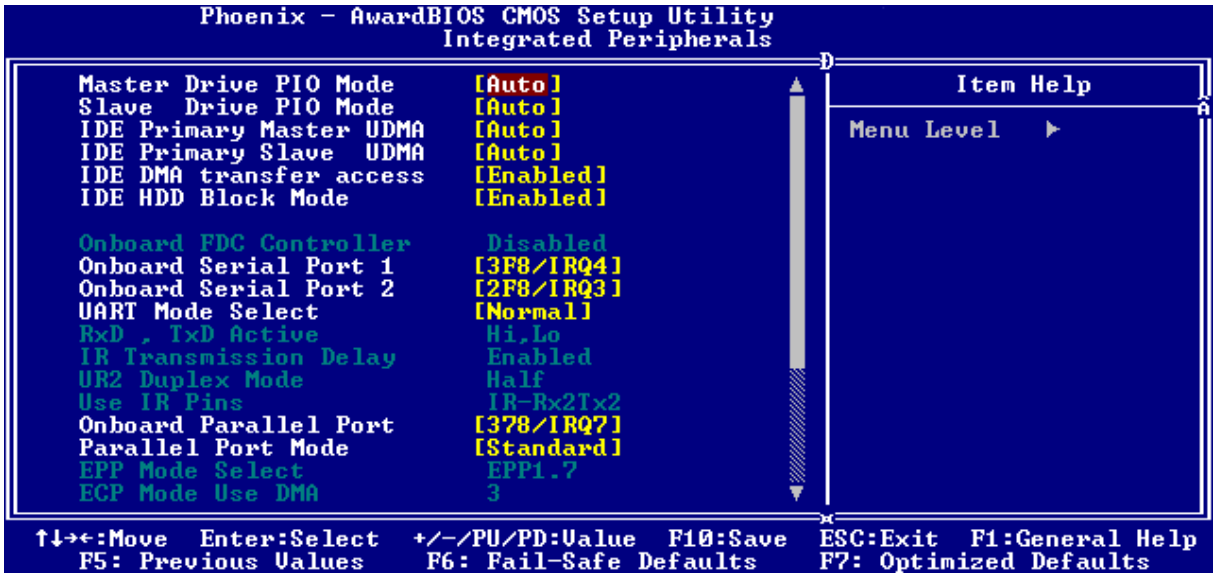
11.7 Advanced Chipset Features



Feature	Option	Description
CPU Frequency	**Auto** 200 MHz 333 MHz 400 MHz 433 MHz 500 MHz	Selects the CPU frequency by changing the CPU Multiplier. Default for ETX-LX is multiplier 15 (15x33,3MHz = 500MHz) *Note: If CPU Frequency is set to 200MHz, Memory Frequency is limited to 100MHz.*
Memory Frequency	**Auto** 100 MHz 133 MHz 166 MHz 200 MHz	Selects the memory frequency
Video Memory Size	None **8 MB** 16 MB 32 MB 64 MB 128 MB 254 MB	Selects the video memory size
Output Display	CRT LCD **LCD & CRT**	Selects the output display device
Resolution	Auto QVGA VGA XGA SXGA UXGA	Selects the resolution of the flat panel *Note: Resolutions QVGA, SXGA and UXGA are only possible with ETX-LX TTL version*
PAID	**000h-00FFh**	Choose display resolution with Panel Adapter ID

Feature	Option	Description
Onboard Audio	**Enabled** Disabled	Turns the onboard audio on/off
Onboard LAN	**Enabled** Disabled	Turns the onboard Ethernet on/off
Onboard IDE	**Enabled** Disabled	Turns the onboard Primary IDE Channel on/off
Ultra DMA Mode	Mode 0 Mode 1 Mode 2 Mode 3 Mode 4 **Mode 5**	Limits the Ultra DMA mode of Primary IDE
SATA / 2nd IDE	Disabled **RAID** IDE	Configures onboard VIA VT6421 SATA/PATA Controller (Secondary IDE Channel and onboard SATA Ports) > RAID: OPROM for SATA RAID support > IDE: OPROM for CF-Card/IDE devices in native IDE mode *Notes:* *- According to selected SATA mode different drivers are necessary*
PATA IO Address	**Auto** 170h	Changes the IO Address of the PATA Channel of the VITA VT6421 Controller
USB Support	**USB 2.0** USB 1.1 No Legacy Disabled	Selects the type of USB
Memory Hole At 15M-16M	**Disabled** Enabled	Reserves 1MB of memory for ISA cards
Watchdog Function	**Disabled** Enabled	Enables or disables watchdog operation mode
NMI Timeout Reset Timeout	**Disabled** 1,5,10,30 sec 1,15,30 min	Select the NMI/Reset Timeout trigger period
Delay	**0 Sec** 10 Sec 30 Sec 1 Min	Select the time until the watchdog counter starts counting. Useful to handle longer boot times

11.8 Integrated Peripherals

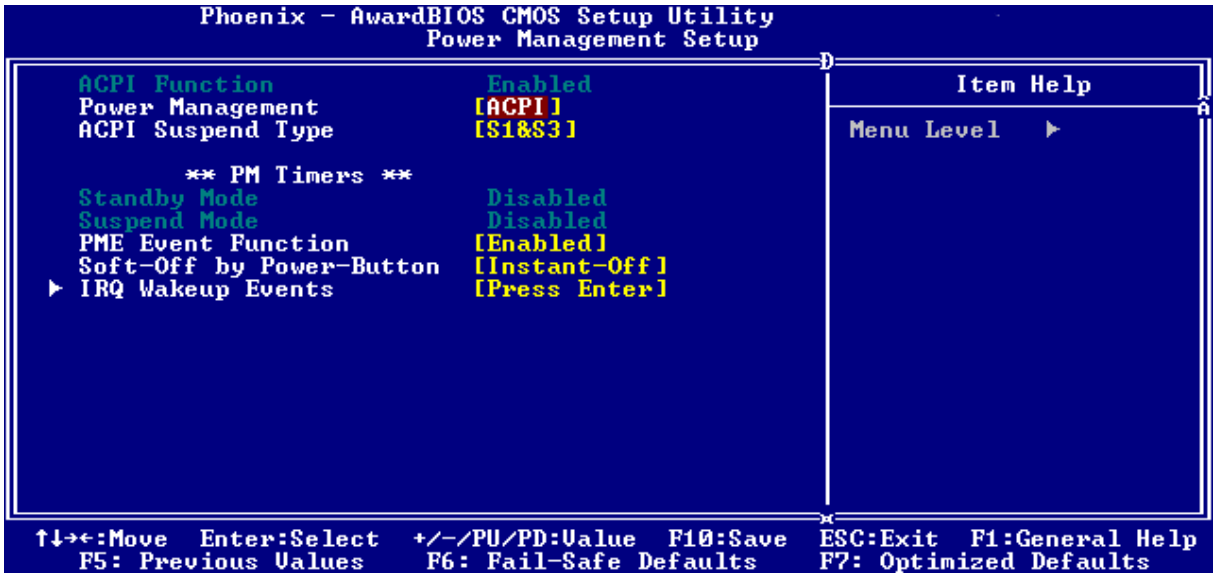


Feature	Option	Description
Master Drive PIO Mode Slave Drive PIO Mode	**Auto** Mode 0 Mode 1 Mode 2 Mode 3 Mode 4	The four IDE PIO (Programmed Input/Output) fields let you set a PIO mode (0-4) for each of the two IDE devices that the onboard IDE interface supports. Modes 0 through 4 provide successively increased performance. In Auto mode, the system automatically determines the best mode for each device.
IDE Primary Master / Primary Slave UDMA	Disabled **Auto**	Enables or disables UDMA support for Primary IDE
IDE DMA transfer access	Disabled **Enabled**	Enables or disables IDE DMA transfer access
IDE HDD Block Mode	Disabled **Enabled**	Block mode is also called block transfer, multiple commands, or multiple sector read/write. If your IDE hard drive supports block mode (most new drives do), select Enabled for automatic detection of the optimal number of block read/writes per sector the drive can support.
Onboard FDC Controller	**Disabled** Enabled	Select "Enabled" if you want to use the onboard Floppy Disk Controller and you wish to use it. If you have installed an add-in FDC or the system has no floppy drive, select Disabled. *Note: If Onboard Floppy Disk Controller is enabled DMA is not possible on ISA Bus devices and for onboard LPT.*
Onboard Serial Port 1 Onboard Serial Port 2	Disabled **3F8/IRQ4** **2F8/IRQ3** 3E8/IRQ4 2E8/IRQ3 Auto	Select an address and corresponding interrupt for the first and second serial port
UART Mode select	**IrDA** ASKIR Normal	Select the mode for the second serial port
RxD, TxD Active	Hi,Hi	

Feature	Option	Description
	Hi,Lo Lo,Hi Lo,Lo	
IR Transmission Delay	**Disabled** Enabled	Allows you to enable/disable a transmission delay
UR2 Duplex Mode	Full **Half**	Allows you to select the transmission mode for your device
Use IR Pins	RxD2,TxD2 **IR-Rx2Tx2**	
Onboard Parallel Port	**Disabled** 378/IRQ7 278/IRQ5 3BC/IRQ7	This item allows you to determine which access onboard parallel port controller goes with which I/O address.
Parallel Port Mode	**Standard** EPP ECP ECP+EPP	Select an operating mode for the onboard parallel (printer) port. Select EPP or SPP depending on which mode your hardware and software is supporting. *Note: If ECP Mode is selected for onboard LPT, DMA is not possible on ISA Bus devices.*
EPP Mode Select	**EPP1.7** EPP1.9	Select EPP port type 1.7 or 1.9
ECP Mode Use DMA	1 **3**	Select the DMA channel for ECP
External FDC Controller	**Disabled** Enabled	Select "Enabled" if your system has the Super I/O-controller FDC37C669 installed on the system board and you wish to use it. If you have installed an add-in FDC or the system has no floppy drive, select Disabled.
External Serial Port 3	**Disabled** 3F8 2F8 3E8 2E8	Select an address for the third serial port
External Serial 3 use IRQ	IRQ11 **IRQ10**	Select an interrupt for the third serial port
External Serial Port 4	**Disabled** 3F8 2F8 3E8 2E8	Select an address for the fourth serial port
External Serial 4 use IRQ	**IRQ11** IRQ10	Select an interrupt for the fourth serial port
External Parallel Port	**Disabled** 3BC 378 278 FDD	Select an address for the external parallel port
External Parallel Use IRQ	IRQ7 **IRQ5**	Select an interrupt for the parallel port
External Parallel Mode	SPP **EPP** ECP	Select an operating mode for the external parallel (printer) port

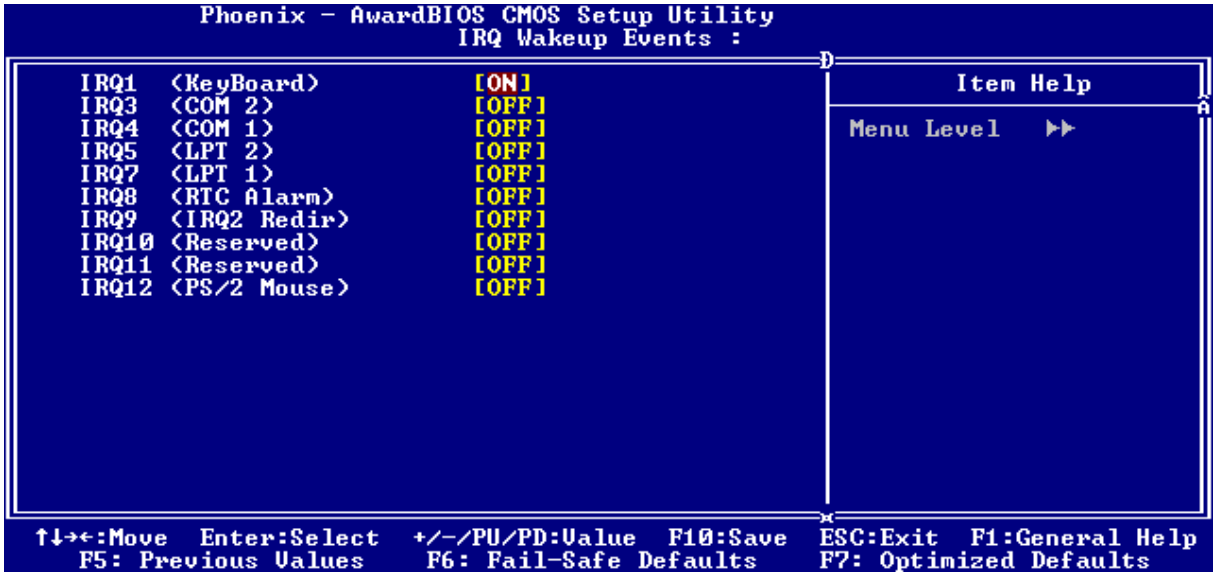
Feature	Option	Description
		Note: ECP Mode (DMA) is only possible when the Onboard Floppy Disk Controller is disabled!
LPT2 ECP Mode Use DMA	1 **3**	Select the LPT2 DMA Channel

11.9 Power Management Setup

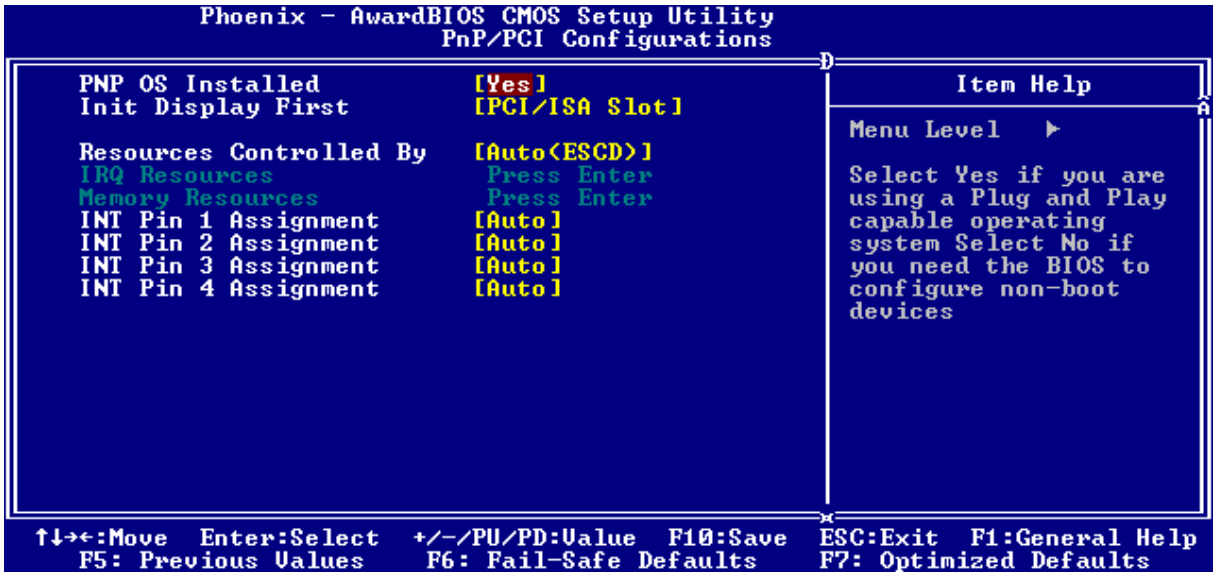


Feature	Option	Description
ACPI Function	**Enabled**	This item shows you the current state of the Advanced Configuration and Power Management (ACPI). To change the state please go to the Menu Power Management.
Power Management	Disabled Legacy APM **ACPI**	This item allows you to select the type of Power Management:
ACPI Suspend Type	S1 <POS> S3 <STR> **S1&S3**	Sets the power saving modes for the ACPI function S1: Power on Suspend POS S3: Suspend to RAM S3
Standby Mode Suspend Mode	**Disabled** 1,5,10,15,30,45 Sec 1,5,10,15,30,45,60, 90,12 Min	This Submenu appears highlighted only when “Legacy” is enabled in the Menu “Power Management”. Standby mode conserves power by turning off the display and the hard drive after a predetermined period of inactivity (a time-out). When the computer exits standby mode, it returns to the same operating state it was in before entering standby mode.
PME Event Function	Disabled **Enabled**	Turns the Power Management Event function on/off
Soft-Off by Power-Button	Instant-Off Delay 4 Sec	Configures the power button function. Instant-Off: The power button functions as a normal power-on/-off button. Delay 4 Sec: The system is turned off if the power button is pressed for more than four seconds.

11.9.1 IRQ Wakeup Events

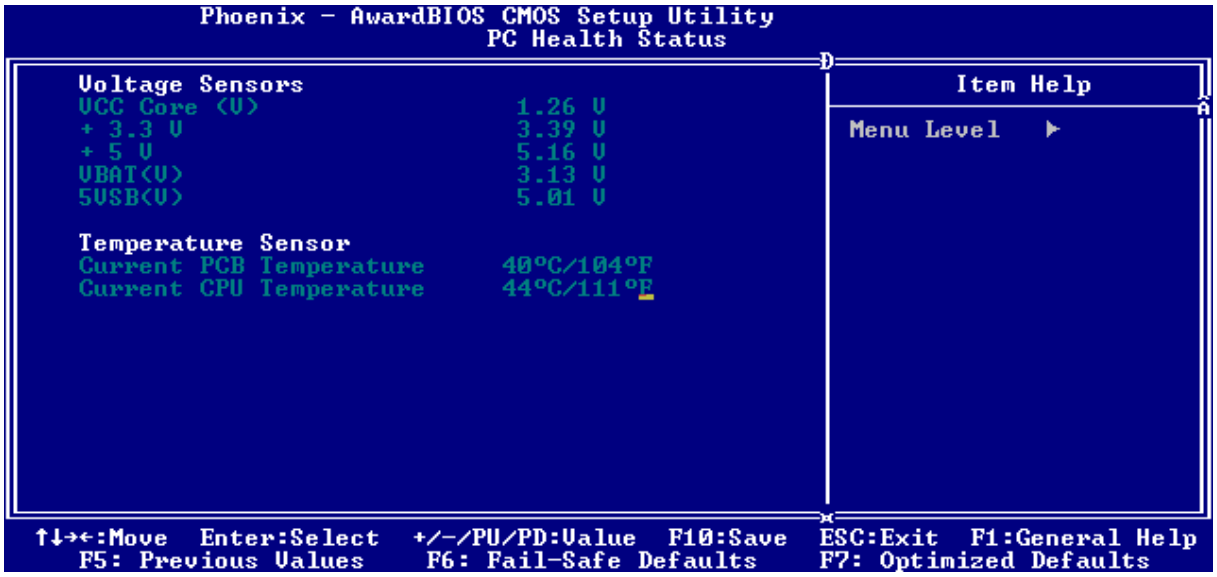


11.10 PnP/PCI Configurations



Feature	Option	Description
PNP OS Installed	No **Yes**	Select Yes if you are using a Plug and Play capable operating system. Select No if you need the BIOS to configure non-Boot devices.
Init Display First	**PCI/ISA Slot** Onboard	This item allows you to decide whether to first activate the PCI slot or on-chip VGA
Resources Controlled By	**Auto <ESCD>** Manual	This item allows you to automatically configure all the boot- and Plug and Play-compatible devices. If you select Auto, all the interrupt request (IRQ) and DMA assignment fields are cleared, as the BIOS automatically assigns them
IRQ Resources Memory Resources	Submenu	When you are controlling resources manually, assign each system interrupt a type, depending on the type of device (PCI or ISA) using the interrupt. Options (IRQ´s) - PCI device, Reserved (for ISA-Devices) Options (Memory)- N/A, C800, CC00, D000, D400, D800 or DC00.
INT Pin 1-4 Assignment	**Auto** 3 4 5 7 9 10 11 12 14 15	Choose manually an Interrupt for PCI-Slot 1-4

11.11 PC Health Status



Temperature Sensor:

The PCB and CPU temperatures are provided via an National Semiconductor LM86. The PCB temperature is the internal and the CPU temperature the external measurement.

11.12 Load Fail-Safe Defaults

When you press <Enter> on this item you get a confirmation dialog box with a message similar to:

Load Fail-Safe Defaults (Y/N)? N

Pressing 'Y' loads the BIOS default values for the most stable, minimal-performance system operation.

11.13 Load Optimized Defaults

When you press <Enter> on this item you get a confirmation dialog box with a message similar to:

Load Optimized Defaults (Y/N)? N

Pressing 'Y' loads the default values which are the factory settings for optimal-performance system operation.

11.14 Supervisor/User Password Setting

You can set either the supervisor or the user password, or both. The differences between them are:

- **Supervisor:** is allowed to enter Setup and change the options.
- **User:** is allowed to enter Setup but not to change the options.

When you select either function, the following message will appear at the center of the screen to assist you in creating a password.

ENTER PASSWORD:

Type the new password, up to eight characters in length, and press <Enter>. The new password will clear any previously entered password from CMOS memory. You will be asked to confirm the password. Type the password again and press <Enter>. You may also press <Esc> to abort the change.

To disable a password, just press <Enter> when you are prompted to enter the password. A message will confirm that password protection will be disabled. Once the password is disabled, the system will boot and you can enter Setup freely.

PASSWORD DISABLED.

When a password has been enabled, you will be prompted to enter it every time you try to enter Setup. This prevents an unauthorized person from changing any part of your system configuration. Additionally, when you have enabled a password, you can also require the BIOS to request the password every time your system is rebooted. This would prevent unauthorized use of your computer.

You can determine when the password is requested in the BIOS Features Setup Menu and its Security option (see above). If the Security option is set to "System", a password will be required both at boot and on entry into Setup. If set to "Setup", a password is required only when trying to enter Setup.

11.15 Exit Selection

Save & Exit Setup

Pressing <Enter> on this item asks for confirmation:

Save to CMOS and EXIT (Y/N)? Y

Pressing "Y" stores the selections you made in CMOS - a special section of memory that stays on after you turn your system off. The next time you boot your computer, the BIOS configures your system according to the Setup selections stored in CMOS. After saving the values, the system is restarted.

Exit Without Saving

Pressing <Enter> on this item asks for confirmation:

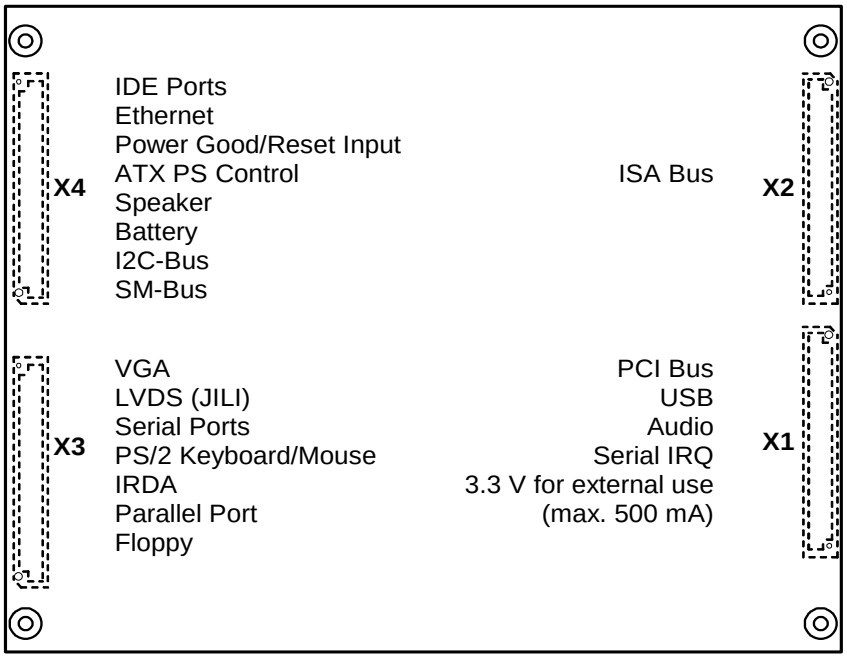
Quit without saving (Y/N)? Y

This allows you to exit Setup without storing any changes in CMOS. The previous selections remain in effect. This exits the Setup utility and restarts your computer.

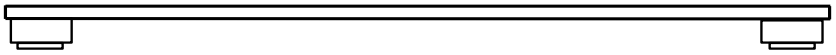
12 Appendix D: ETX® Connector Pinouts

The pinouts for ETX® Interface Connectors X1, X2, X3, and X4 are documented for convenient reference. Please see the *ETX® Specification* and *ETX® Design Guide* for detailed, design-level information.

12.1 Connector Locations



top view
(connectors only)



side view
(connectors only)

12.2 Signal Description

Term	Description
IO-3,3	Bi-directional 3,3 V IO-Signal
IO-5	Bi-directional 5 V IO-Signal
I-3,3	3,3 V Input
I-5	5 V Input
O-3,3	3,3 V Output
O-5	5 V Output
PU	Pull-Up Resistor
PD	Pull-Down Resistor
PWR	Power Connection
Nc	Not Connected / Reserved

12.3 Connector X1 (PCI Bus, USB, Audio)

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal		Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	GND	2	GND		51	VCC *	52	VCC *
3	PCICLK3	4	PCICLK4		53	PAR	54	SERR#
5	GND	6	GND		55	GPERR#	56	RESERVED
7	PCICLK1	8	PCICLK2		57	PME#	58	USB2#
9	REQ3#	10	GNT3#		59	LOCK#	60	DEVSEL#
11	GNT2#	12	3V		61	TRDY#	62	USB3#
13	REQ2#	14	GNT1#		63	IRDY#	64	STOP#
15	REQ1#	16	3V		65	FRAME#	66	USB2
17	GNT0#	18	RESERVED		67	GND	68	GND
19	VCC *	20	VCC *		69	AD16	70	CBE2#
21	SERIRQ	22	REQ0#		71	AD17	72	USB3
23	AD0	24	3V		73	AD19	74	AD18
25	AD1	26	AD2		75	AD20	76	USB0#
27	AD4	28	AD3		77	AD22	78	AD21
29	AD6	30	AD5		79	AD23	80	USB1#
31	CBE0#	32	AD7		81	AD24	82	CBE3#
33	AD8	34	AD9		83	VCC *	84	VCC *
35	GND	36	GND		85	AD25	86	AD26
37	AD10	38	AUXAL		87	AD28	88	USB0
39	AD11	40	MIC		89	AD27	90	AD29
41	AD12	42	AUXAR		91	AD30	92	USB1
43	AD13	44	ASVCC		93	PCIRST#	94	AD31
45	AD14	46	SNDL		95	INTC#	96	INTD#
47	AD15	48	ASGND		97	INTA#	98	INTB#
49	CBE1#	50	SNDR		99	GND	100	GND

Note: To protect external power lines of peripheral devices, make sure that:
the wires have the right diameter to withstand the maximum available current
the enclosure of the peripheral device fulfils the fire-protection requirements of IEC/EN60950.

12.3.1 Connector X1 (Signal Levels)

Pin 1-50: PCI | USB | AUDIO

Pin	Signal	Description	Type	Termination	Comment
1	GND	Ground	PWR	-	-
2	GND	Ground	PWR	-	-
3	PCICLK3	PCI Clock Slot 3	O-3,3	-	-
4	PCICLK4	PCI Clock Slot 4	O-3,3	-	-
5	GND	Ground	PWR	-	-
6	GND	Ground	PWR	-	-
7	PCICLK1	PCI Clock Slot 1	O-3,3	-	-
8	PCICLK2	PCI Clock Slot 2	O-3,3	-	-
9	REQ3#	PCI Bus Request 3	I-3,3	-	-
10	GNT3#	PCI Bus Grant 3	O-3,3	-	-
11	GNT2#	PCI Bus Grant 2	O-3,3	-	-
12	3V	Power +3,3V	PWR	-	-
13	REQ2#	PCI Bus Request 2	I-3,3	-	-
14	GNT1#	PCI Bus Grant 1	O-3,3	-	-
15	REQ1#	PCI Bus Request 1	I-3,3	-	-
16	3V	Power +3,3V	PWR	-	-
17	GNT0#	PCI Bus Grant 0	O-3,3	-	-
18	nc	-	nc	-	Reserved
19	VCC	Power +5V	PWR	-	-
20	VCC	Power +5V	PWR	-	-
21	SERIRQ	Serial Interrupt Reqest	IO-3,3	PU 10k 3,3V	-
22	REQ0#	PCI Bus Request 0	I-3,3	-	-
23	AD0	PCI Adress & Data Bus line	IO-3,3	-	-
24	3V	Power +3,3V	PWR	-	-
25	AD1	PCI Adress & Data Bus line	IO-3,3	-	-
26	AD2	PCI Adress & Data Bus line	IO-3,3	-	-
27	AD4	PCI Adress & Data Bus line	IO-3,3	-	-
28	AD3	PCI Adress & Data Bus line	IO-3,3	-	-
29	AD6	PCI Adress & Data Bus line	IO-3,3	-	-
30	AD5	PCI Adress & Data Bus line	IO-3,3	-	-
31	CBE0#	PCI Bus Command and Byte enables 0	IO-3,3	-	-
32	AD7	PCI Adress & Data Bus line	IO-3,3	-	-
33	AD8	PCI Adress & Data Bus line	IO-3,3	-	-
34	AD9	PCI Adress & Data Bus line	IO-3,3	-	-
35	GND	Ground	PWR	-	-
36	GND	Ground	PWR	-	-
37	AD10	PCI Adress & Data Bus line	IO-3,3	-	-
38	AUXAL	Auxiliary Line Input Left	I	-	1uF in series
39	AD11	PCI Adress & Data Bus line	IO-3,3	-	-
40	MIC	Microphone Input	I	-	-
41	AD12	PCI Adress & Data Bus line	IO-3,3	-	-
42	AUXAR	Auxiliary Line Input Right	I	-	1uF in series
43	AD13	PCI Adress & Data Bus line	IO-3,3	-	-
44	ASVCC	Analog Supply of Sound Controller	O-5	-	-
45	AD14	PCI Adress & Data Bus line	IO-3,3	-	-
46	SNDL	Audio Out Left	O	-	-
47	AD15	PCI Adress & Data Bus line	IO-3,3	-	-
48	ASGND	Analog Ground of Sound Controller	P	-	-
49	CBE1#	PCI Bus Command and Byte enables 1	IO-3,3	-	-
50	SNDR	Audio Out Right	O	-	-

Note: The termination resistors in this table are already mounted on the ETX® board. Refer to the design guide for information about additional termination resistors.

Pin 51–100: PCI | USB | AUDIO

Pin	Signal	Description	Type	Termination	Comment
51	VCC	Power +5V	PWR	-	-
52	VCC	Power +5V	PWR	-	-
53	PAR	PCI Bus Parity	IO-3,3	-	-
54	SERR#	PCI Bus System Error	IO-3,3	PU 8k2 3,3V	-
55	PERR#	PCI Bus Grant Error	IO-3,3	PU 8k2 3,3V	-
56	nc	-	nc	-	Reserved
57	PME#	PCI Power Management Event	IO-3,3	PU 5,6k 3,3VSB	-
58	USB2#	USB Data- , Port2	IO-3,3	-	-
59	LOCK#	PCI Bus Lock	IO-3,3	PU 4k7 3,3V	Test Point TP7
60	DEVSEL#	PCI Bus Device Select	IO-3,3	PU 10k 3,3V	-
61	TRDY#	PCI Bus Target Ready	IO-3,3	PU 10k 3,3V	-
62	USB3#	USB Data- , Port3	IO-3,3	-	-
63	IRDY#	PCI Bus Initiator Ready	IO-3,3	PU 10k 3,3V	-
64	STOP#	PCI Bus Stop	IO-3,3	PU 10k 3,3V	-
65	FRAME#	PCI Bus Cycle Frame	IO-3,3	PU 10k 3,3V	-
66	USB2	USB Data+ , Port2	IO-3,3	-	-
67	GND	Ground	PWR	-	-
68	GND	Ground	PWR	-	-
69	AD16	PCI Adress & Data Bus line	IO-3,3	-	-
70	CBE2#	PCI Bus Command and Byte enables 2	IO-3,3	-	-
71	AD17	PCI Adress & Data Bus line	IO-3,3	-	-
72	USB3	USB Data+ , Port3	IO-3,3	-	-
73	AD19	PCI Adress & Data Bus line	IO-3,3	-	-
74	AD18	PCI Adress & Data Bus line	IO-3,3	-	-
75	AD20	PCI Adress & Data Bus line	IO-3,3	-	-
76	USB0#	USB Data- , Port0	IO-3,3	-	-
77	AD22	PCI Adress & Data Bus line	IO-3,3	-	-
78	AD21	PCI Adress & Data Bus line	IO-3,3	-	-
79	AD23	PCI Adress & Data Bus line	IO-3,3	-	-
80	USB1#	USB Data- , Port1	IO-3,3	-	-
81	AD24	PCI Adress & Data Bus line	IO-3,3	-	-
82	CBE3#	PCI Command and Byte enables 3	IO-3,3	-	-
83	VCC	Power +5V	PWR	-	-
84	VCC	Power +5V	PWR	-	-
85	AD25	PCI Adress & Data Bus line	IO-3,3	-	-
86	AD26	PCI Adress & Data Bus line	IO-3,3	-	-
87	AD28	PCI Adress & Data Bus line	IO-3,3	-	-
88	USB0	USB Data+ , Port0	IO-3,3	-	-
89	AD27	PCI Adress & Data Bus line	IO-3,3	-	-
90	AD29	PCI Adress & Data Bus line	IO-3,3	-	-
91	AD30	PCI Adress & Data Bus line	IO-3,3	-	-
92	USB1	USB Data+ , Port1	IO-3,3	-	-
93	PCIRST#	PCI Bus Reset	O-3,3	-	-
94	AD31	PCI Adress & Data Bus line	IO-3,3	-	-
95	INTC#	PCI BUS Interrupt Request C	I-3,3	PU 10k 3,3V	-
96	INTD#	PCI BUS Interrupt Request D	I-3,3	PU 10k 3,3V	-
97	INTA#	PCI BUS Interrupt Request A	I-3,3	PU 10k 3,3V	-
98	INTB#	PCI BUS Interrupt Request B	I-3,3	PU 10k 3,3V	-
99	GND	Ground	PWR	-	-
100	GND	Ground	PWR	-	-

Note: The termination resistors in this table are already mounted on the ETX® board. Refer to the design guide for information about additional termination resistors.

12.4 Connector X2 (ISA Bus)

LPC type only supports 8/16 bit memory, I/O, IRQ slave feature

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal		Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	GND	2	GND		51	VCC *	52	VCC *
3	SD14	4	SD15		53	SA6	54	IRQ5
5	SD13	6	MASTER#		55	SA7	56	IRQ6
7	SD12	8	DREQ7		57	SA8	58	IRQ7
9	SD11	10	DACK7#		59	SA9	60	SYSCLK
11	SD10	12	DREQ6		61	SA10	62	REFSH#
13	SD9	14	DACK6#		63	SA11	64	DREQ1
15	SD8	16	DREQ5		65	SA12	66	DACK1#
17	MEMW#	18	DACK5#		67	GND	68	GND
19	MEMR#	20	DREQ0		69	SA13	70	DREQ3
21	LA17	22	DACK0#		71	SA14	72	DACK3#
23	LA18	24	IRQ14		73	SA15	74	IOR#
25	LA19	26	IRQ15		75	SA16	76	IOW#
27	LA20	28	IRQ12		77	SA18	78	SA17
29	LA21	30	IRQ11		79	SA19	80	SMEMR#
31	LA22	32	IRQ10		81	IOCHRDY	82	AEN
33	LA23	34	IO16#		83	VCC *	84	VCC *
35	GND	36	GND		85	SD0	86	SMEMW#
37	SBHE#	38	M16#		87	SD2	88	SD1
39	SA0	40	OSC		89	SD3	90	NOWS#
41	SA1	42	BALE		91	DREQ2	92	SD4
43	SA2	44	TC		93	SD5	94	IRQ9*
45	SA3	46	DACK2#		95	SD6	96	SD7
47	SA4	48	IRQ3		97	IOCHK#	98	RSTDRV
49	SA5	50	IRQ4		99	GND	100	GND

Note: To protect external power lines of peripheral devices, make sure that:
the wires have the right diameter to withstand the maximum available current.
The enclosure of the peripheral device fulfils the fire-protection requirements of IEC/EN60950.
** IRQ9 is used for SCI in ACPI mode. Do not use for legacy ISA devices.*

12.4.1 Connector X2 (Signal Levels)

Pin 1–50: ISA Bus

Pin	Signal	Description	Type	Termination	Comment
1	GND	Ground	PWR	-	-
2	GND	Ground	PWR	-	-
3	SD14	ISA Data Bus	IO-5	PU 10k 5V	-
4	SD15	ISA Data Bus	IO-5	PU 10k 5V	-
5	SD13	ISA Data Bus	IO-5	PU 10k 5V	-
6	MASTER#	ISA 16-Bit Master	I-5	-	-
7	SD12	ISA Data Bus	IO-5	PU 10k 5V	-
8	DREQ7	ISA DMA Request 7	I-5	PD 10k	-
9	SD11	ISA Data Bus	IO-5	PU 10k 5V	-
10	DACK7#	ISA DMA Acknowledge 7	IO-5	-	-
11	SD10	ISA Data Bus	IO-5	PU 10k 5V	-
12	DREQ6	ISA DMA Request 6	I-5	PD 10k	-
13	SD9	ISA Data Bus	IO-5	PU 10k 5V	-
14	DACK6#	ISA DMA Acknowledge 6	IO-5	-	-
15	SD8	ISA Data Bus	IO-5	PU 10k 5V	-
16	DREQ5	ISA DMA Request 5	I-5	PD 10k	-
17	MEMW#	ISA Memory Write	IO-5	-	-
18	DACK5#	ISA DMA Acknowledge 5	IO-5	-	-
19	MEMR#	ISA Memory Read	IO-5		-
20	DREQ0	ISA DMA Request 0	I-5	PD 10k	-
21	LA17	ISA Adress Bus (SA17)	O-5	-	-
22	DACK0#	ISA DMA Acknowledge 0	IO-5	-	-
23	LA18	ISA Adress Bus (SA18)	O-5	-	-
24	IRQ14	ISA Interrupt Request 14 / ROM Chip Select	IO-5	-	-
25	LA19	ISA Adress Bus (SA19)	O-5	-	-
26	IRQ15	ISA Interrupt Request 15	I-5	-	-
27	LA20	ISA Latchable Adress Bus	O-5	-	-
28	IRQ12	ISA Interrupt Request 12	I-5	-	-
29	LA21	ISA Latchable Adress Bus	O-5	-	-
30	IRQ11	ISA Interrupt Request 11	I-5	-	-
31	LA22	ISA Latchable Adress Bus	O-5	-	-
32	IRQ10	ISA Interrupt Request 10	I-5	-	-
33	LA23	ISA Latchable Adress Bus	O-5	-	-
34	IO16#	ISA 16-Bit I/O Access	I-5	-	-
35	GND	Ground	PWR	-	-
36	GND	Ground	PWR	-	-
37	SBHE#	ISA System Byte High Enable	IO-5	-	-
38	M16#	ISA 16-Bit Memory Access	IO-5		-
39	SA0	ISA Adress Bus	O-5	PU 10k 5V	-
40	OSC	ISA Oscillator (CLK_ISA14#)	O-3,3	-	-
41	SA1	ISA Adress Bus	O-5	PU 10k 5V	-
42	BALE	ISA Buffer Adress Latch Enable	IO-5	-	-
43	SA2	ISA Adress Bus	O-5	PU 10k 5V	-
44	TC	ISA Terminal Count	IO-5	-	-
45	SA3	ISA Adress Bus	O-5	PU 10k 5V	-
46	DACK2#	ISA DMA Acknowledge 2	IO-5	-	-
47	SA4	ISA Adress Bus	O-5	PU 10k 5V	-
48	IRQ3	ISA Interrupt Request 3	I-5	-	-
49	SA5	ISA Adress Bus	O-5	PU 10k 5V	-
50	IRQ4	ISA Interrupt Request 4	I-5	-	-

Note: The termination resistors in this table are already mounted on the ETX® board. Refer to the design guide for information about additional termination resistors.

Pin 51–100: ISA BUS

Pin	Signal	Description	Type	Termination	Comment
51	VCC	Power +5V	PWR	-	-
52	VCC	Power +5V	PWR	-	-
53	SA6	ISA Adress Bus	O-5	PU 10k 5V	-
54	IRQ5	ISA Interrupt Request 5	I-5	-	-
55	SA7	ISA Adress Bus	O-5	PU 10k 5V	-
56	IRQ6	ISA Interrupt Request 6	I-5	-	-
57	SA8	ISA Adress Bus	O-5	PU 10k 5V	-
58	IRQ7	ISA Interrupt Request 7	I-5	-	-
59	SA9	ISA Adress Bus	O-5	PU 10k 5V	-
60	SYSCLK	ISA Bus Clock (CLK_SYS_ISA)	O-3,3	-	-
61	SA10	ISA Adress Bus	O-5	PU 10k 5V	-
62	REFSH#	ISA System Refresh Control	IO-5	PU 1k 5V	-
63	SA11	ISA Adress Bus	O-5	PU 10k 5V	-
64	DREQ1	ISA DMA Request 1	I-5	PD 10k	-
65	SA12	ISA Adress Bus	O-5	PU 10k 5V	-
66	DACK1#	ISA DMA Acknowledge 1	IO-5	-	-
67	GND	Ground	PWR	-	-
68	GND	Ground	PWR	-	-
69	SA13	ISA Adress Bus	O-5	PU 10k 5V	-
70	DREQ3	ISA DMA Request 3	I-5	PD 10k	-
71	SA14	ISA Adress Bus	O-5	PU 10k 5V	-
72	DACK3#	ISA DMA Acknowledge 3	IO-5	-	-
73	SA15	ISA Adress Bus	O-5	PU 10k 5V	-
74	IOR#	ISA I/O Read	IO-5	PU 8k2 5V	-
75	SA16	ISA Adress Bus	O-5	PU 10k 5V	-
76	IOW#	ISA I/O Write	IO-5	PU 8k2 5V	-
77	SA18	ISA Adress Bus	O-5	PU 10k 5V	-
78	SA17	ISA Adress Bus	O-5	PU 10k 5V	-
79	SA19	ISA Adress Bus	O-5	PU 10k 5V	-
80	SMEMR#	ISA System Memory Read	IO-5	PU 1k 5V	-
81	IOCHRDY	ISA I/O Channel Ready	IO-5	PU 1k 5V	-
82	AEN	ISA Adress Enable	IO-5	-	-
83	VCC	Power +5V	PWR	-	-
84	VCC	Power +5V	PWR	-	-
85	SD0	ISA Data Bus	IO-5	PU 10k 5V	-
86	SMEMW#	ISA System Memory Write	IO-5	PU 1k 5V	-
87	SD2	ISA Data Bus	IO-5	PU 10k 5V	-
88	SD1	ISA Data Bus	IO-5	PU 10k 5V	-
89	SD3	ISA Data Bus	IO-5	PU 10k 5V	-
90	NOWS#	ISA No Wait Staits	I-5	PU 1k 5V	-
91	DREQ2	ISA DMA Request 2	I-5	PD 10k	-
92	SD4	ISA Data Bus	IO-5	PU 10k 5V	-
93	SD5	ISA Data Bus	IO-5	PU 10k 5V	-
94	IRQ9	ISA Interrupt Request 9	I-5	-	-
95	SD6	ISA Data Bus	IO-5	PU 10k 5V	-
96	SD7	ISA Data Bus	IO-5	PU 10k 5V	-
97	IOCHK#	ISA I/O Channel Check	I-5	PU 4k7 5V	-
98	RSTDRV	ISA Reset	O-5	-	-
99	GND	Ground	PWR	-	-
100	GND	Ground	PWR	-	-

Note: The termination resistors in this table are already mounted on the ETX® board. Refer to the design guide for information about additional termination resistors.

12.5 Connector X3 (VGA, LVDS, TTL, COM1 and COM2, LPT/Floppy, Mouse, Keyboard)

12.5.1 Flat-Panel Interfaces

ETX®-LX modules can implement an LVDS flat-panel interface called JUMP*tec* Intelligent LVDS Interface (JILI). These modules implement optional a parallel digital flat-panel interface called JUMP*tec* Intelligent Digital Interface (JIDI).

LVDS Interface Pinout (JILI)			
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	GND	2	GND
3	R	4	B
5	HSY	6	G
7	VSY	8	DDCK
9	n.c.	10	DDDA
11	n.c.	12	TXCLK
13	n.c.	14	TXIN26_EN
15	GND	16	GND
17	n.c.	18	n.c.
19	n.c.	20	n.c.
21	GND	22	GND
23	LCDDO8	24	n.c.
25	LCDDO9	26	n.c.
27	GND	28	GND
29	LCDDO4	30	LCDDO7
31	LCDDO5	32	LCDDO6
33	GND	34	GND
35	LCDDO1	36	LCDDO3
37	LCDDO0	38	LCDDO2
39	VCC *	40	VCC *
41	JILI_DAT	42	LTGIO0
43	JILI_CLK	44	BLON#
45	BIASON	46	DIGON
47	COMP	48	Y
49	SYNC	50	C

Notes: To protect external power lines of peripheral devices, make sure that:
the wires have the right diameter to withstand the maximum available current
the enclosure of the peripheral device fulfils the fire-protection requirements of IEC/EN60950.

12.5.2 Parallel Port / Floppy Interfaces

You can configure ETX® parallel port interfaces as conventional PC parallel ports or as an interface for a floppy-disk drive. You can select the operating mode in the BIOS settings or by a hardware mode-select pin.

If Pin X3-51 (LPT/FLPY#) is grounded at boot time, the floppy support mode is selected. If the pin is left floating or is held high, parallel-port mode is selected. The mode selection is determined at boot time. It cannot be changed until the next boot cycle.

Parallel Port Mode Pinout					Floppy Support Mode Pinout			
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal		Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
51	LPT/FLPY#	52	RESERVED		51	LPT/FLPY#	52	RESERVED
53	VCC *	54	GND		53	VCC *	54	GND
55	STB#	56	AFD#		55	RESERVED	56	DENSEL
57	RESERVED	58	PD7		57	RESERVED	58	RESERVED
59	IRRX	60	ERR#		59	IRRX	60	HDSEL#
61	IRTX	62	PD6		61	IRTX	62	RESERVED
63	RXD2	64	INIT#		63	RXD2	64	DIR#
65	GND	66	GND		65	GND	66	GND
67	RTS2#	68	PD5		67	RTS2#	68	RESERVED
69	DTR2#	70	SLIN#		69	DTR2#	70	STEP#
71	DCD2#	72	PD4		71	DCD2#	72	DSKCHG#
73	DSR2#	74	PD3		73	DSR2#	74	RDATA#
75	CTS2#	76	PD2		75	CTS2#	76	WP#
77	TXD2	78	PD1		77	TXD2	78	TRK0#
79	RI2#	80	PD0		79	RI2#	80	INDEX#
81	VCC *	82	VCC*		81	VCC *	82	VCC *
83	RXD1	84	ACK#		83	RXD1	84	DRV
85	RTS1#	86	BUSY		85	RTS1#	86	MOT
87	DTR1#	88	PE		87	DTR1#	88	WDATA#
89	DCD1#	90	SLCT#		89	DCD1#	90	WGATE#
91	DSR1#	92	MSCLK		91	DSR1#	92	MSCLK
93	CTS1#	94	MSDAT		93	CTS1#	94	MSDAT
95	TXD1	96	KBCLK		95	TXD1	96	KBCLK
97	RI1#	98	KBDAT		97	RI1#	98	KBDAT
99	GND	100	GND		99	GND	100	GND

Notes: To protect external power lines of peripheral devices, make sure that:
the wires have the right diameter to withstand the maximum available current
the enclosure of the peripheral device fulfils the fire-protection requirements of IEC/EN60950.

12.5.3 Connector X3 (Signal Levels)

Pin 1–50: VGA | LVDS | TTL | VIDEO

Pin	Signal	Description	Type	Termination	Comment
1	GND	Ground	PWR	-	-
2	GND	Ground	PWR	-	-
3	R	Analog Video Out RGB - Red Channel	O	-	-
4	B	Analog Video Out RGB - Blue Channel	O	-	-
5	HSY	Horizontal Synchronization Pulse	O-3,3	-	-
6	G	Analog Video Out RGB - Green Channel	O	-	-
7	VSY	Vertical Synchronization Pulse	O-3,3	-	-
8	DDCK	Display Data Channel Clock	IO-5	PU 2k2 5V	-
9	nc	not connected	nc	-	-
10	DDDA	Display Data Channel Data	IO-5	PU 2k2 5V	-
11	B4	DRGB6	O	-	-
12	SHFCLK	TXCLK	O	-	-
13	B5	DRGB7	O	-	-
14	EN	TXIN26_EN	O	-	-
15	GND	Ground	PWR	-	-
16	GND	Ground	PWR	-	-
17	B1	DRGB3	O	-	-
18	B3	DRGB5	O	-	-
19	B0	DRGB2	O	-	-
20	B2	DRGB4	O	-	-
21	GND	Ground	PWR	-	-
22	GND	Ground	PWR	-	-
23	LCDDO8/G2	LVDS_OUT3- | DRGB12	O	-	-
24	G5	DRGB15	O	-	-
25	LCDDO9/G3	LVDS_OUT3+ | DRGB13	O	-	-
26	G4	DRGB14	O	-	-
27	GND	Ground	PWR	-	-
28	GND	Ground	PWR	-	-
29	LCDDO4/R4	LVDS_OUT2- | DRGB22	O	-	-
30	LCDDO7/G1	LVDS_CLKOUT+ | DRGB11	O	-	-
31	LCDDO5/R5	LVDS_OUT2+ | DRGB23	O	-	-
32	LCDDO6/G0	LVDS_CLKOUT- | DRGB10	O	-	-
33	GND	Ground	PWR	-	-
34	GND	Ground	PWR	-	-
35	LCDDO1/R1	LVDS_OUT0+ | DRGB19	O	-	-
36	LCDDO3/R3	LVDS_OUT1+ | DRGB21	O	-	-
37	LCDDO0/R0	LVDS_OUT0- | DRGB18	O	-	-
38	LCDDO2/R2	LVDS_OUT1- | DRGB20	O	-	-
39	VCC	Power +5V	PWR	-	-
40	VCC	Power +5V	PWR	-	-
41	JILI_CLK	JILI I^2C Clock Signal	IO-3,3	-	GP15
42	LTGIO0_VSYNC	LTGO0 | VSYNC	O	-	-
43	JILI_DAT	JILI I^2C Data Signal	IO-3,3	-	GP14
44	BLON#	BLON#	O-5	-	-
45	BIASON_HSYNC	BIASON | HSYNC	O	-	-
46	DIGON	Display Power On	O-5	-	-
47	COMP	Composite Video / SCART Blue	O	-	-
48	Y	S-Video Luminance / SCART Red	O	-	-
49	SYNC	Composite Sync	O	-	-
50	C	S-Video Chrominance / SCART Green	O	-	-

Note: The termination resistors in this table are already mounted on the ETX® board. Refer to the design guide for information about additional termination resistors.

Pin 51–100: COM | LPT | Floppy | KB/MS/IR

Pin	Signal	Description	Type	Termination	Comment
51	LPT | FLPY#	LPT / Floppy Interface Configuration Input	I-5	PU 10k 3,3V	-
52	nc	-	nc	-	Reserved
53	VCC	Power +5V	PWR	-	-
54	GND	Ground	PWR	-	-
55	STB# | nc	LPT Strobe Signal	O-5	-	-
56	AFD# | DENSEL	LPT Automatic Feed / Floppy Density Select	O-5	-	-
57	nc	-	nc	-	Reserved
58	PD7 | nc	LPT Data Bus D7	IO-5	-	-
59	IRRX	Infrared Receive	I-5	-	-
60	ERR# | HDSEL#	LPT Error / Floppy Head Select	IO-5	-	-
61	IRTX	Infrared Transmit	O-5	-	-
62	PD6 | nc	LPT Data Bus D6	IO-5	-	-
63	RXD2	Data Receive COM2	I-5	-	-
64	INIT# | DIR#	LPT Initiate / Floppy Direction	O-5	-	-
65	GND	Ground	PWR	-	-
66	GND	Ground	PWR	-	-
67	RTS2#	Request to Send COM2	O-5	-	-
68	PD5 | nc	LPT Data Bus D5	IO-5	-	-
69	DTR2#	Data Terminal Ready COM2	O-5	-	-
70	SLIN# | STEP#	LPT Select / Floppy Motor Step	O-5	-	-
71	DCD2#	Data Carrier Detect COM2	I-5	-	-
72	PD4 | DSKCHG#	LPT Data Bus D4 / Floppy Disk Change	IO-5	-	-
73	DSR2#	Data Set Ready COM2	I-5	-	-
74	PD3 | RDATA#	LPT Data Bus D3 / Floppy Raw Data Read	IO-5	-	-
75	CTS2#	Clear to Send COM2	I-5	-	-
76	PD2 | WP#	LPT Data Bus D / Floppy Write Protect Signal	IO-5	-	-
77	TXD2	Data Transmit COM2	O-5	-	Bootstrap PU 4k7 5V
78	PD1 | TRK0#	LPT Data Bus D1 / Floppy Track Signal	IO-5	-	-
79	RI2#	Ring Indicator COM2	I-5	-	-
80	PD0 | INDEX#	LPT Data Bus D0 / Floppy Index Signal	IO-5	-	-
81	VCC	Power +5V	PWR	-	-
82	VCC	Power +5V	PWR	-	-
83	RXD1	Data Receive COM1	O-5	-	-
84	ACK# | DRV	LPT Acknowledge / Floppy Drive Select	IO-5	-	-
85	RTS1#	Request to Send COM1	O-5	-	Bootstrap PU 4k7 5V (open)
86	BUSY# | MOT	LPT Busy / Floppy Motor Select	IO-5	-	-
87	DTR1#	Data Terminal Ready COM1	O-5	-	-
88	PE | WDATA#	LPT Paper Empty / Floppy Raw Write Data	IO-5	-	-
89	DCD1#	Data Carrier Detect COM1	I-5	-	-
90	SLCT#|WGATE#	LPT Power On / Floppy Write Enable	IO-5	-	-
91	DSR1#	Data Set Ready COM1	I-5	-	-
92	MSCLK	Mouse Clock	O-5	PU 4k7 5V	-
93	CTS1#	Clear to Send COM1	I-5	-	-
94	MSDAT	Mouse Data	IO-5	PU 4k7 5V	-
95	TXD1	Data Transmit COM1	O-5	-	-
96	KBCLK	Keyboard Clock	O-5	PU 4k7 5V	-
97	RI1#	Ring Indicator COM1	I-5	-	-
98	KBDAT	Keyboard Data	IO-5	PU 4k7 5V	-
99	GND	Ground	PWR	-	-
100	GND	Ground	PWR	-	-

Note: The termination resistors in this table are already mounted on the ETX® board. Refer to the design guide for information about additional termination resistors.

12.6 Connector X4 (IDE 1, IDE 2, Ethernet, Miscellaneous)

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal		Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	GND	2	GND		51	SIDE_IOW#	52	PIDE_IOR#
3	5V_SB	4	PWGIN		53	SIDE_DRQ	54	PIDE_IOW#
5	PS_ON	6	SPEAKER		55	SIDE_D15	56	PIDE_DRQ
7	PWRBTN#	8	BATT		57	SIDE_D0	58	PIDE_D15
9	KBINH#	10	LILED#		59	SIDE_D14	60	PIDE_D0
11	RSMRST#	12	ACTLED#		61	SIDE_D1	62	PIDE_D14
13	ROMKBCS#**	14	SPEEDLED#		63	SIDE_D13	64	PIDE_D1
15	EXT_PRG**	16	I2CLK		65	GND	66	GND
17	VCC*	18	VCC*		67	SIDE_D2	68	PIDE_D13
19	OVCR#	20	GPCS#**		69	SIDE_D12	70	PIDE_D2
21	EXTSMI#	22	I2DAT		71	SIDE_D3	72	PIDE_D12
23	SMBCLK	24	SMBDATA		73	SIDE_D11	74	PIDE_D3
25	SIDE_CS3#	26	RESERVED		75	SIDE_D4	76	PIDE_D11
27	SIDE_CS1#	28	DASP_S		77	SIDE_D10	78	PIDE_D4
29	SIDE_A2	30	PIDE_CS3#		79	SIDE_D5	80	PIDE_D10
31	SIDE_A0	32	PIDE_CS1#		81	VCC	82	VCC
33	GND	34	GND		83	SIDE_D9	84	PIDE_D5
35	PDIAG_S**	36	PIDE_A2		85	SIDE_D6	86	PIDE_D9
37	SIDE_A1	38	PIDE_A0		87	SIDE_D8	88	PIDE_D6
39	SIDE_INTRQ	40	PIDE_A1		89	RESERVED	90	RESERVED
41	RESERVED	42	RESERVED		91	RXD#	92	PIDE_D8
43	SIDE_AK#	44	PIDE_INTRQ		93	RXD	94	SIDE_D7
45	SIDE_RDY	46	PIDE_AK#		95	TXD#	96	PIDE_D7
47	SIDE_IOR#	48	PIDE_RDY		97	TXD	98	HDRST#
49	VCC*	50	VCC*		99	GND	100	GND

Notes: *To protect external power lines of peripheral devices, make sure that:*
the wires have the right diameter to withstand the maximum available current
the enclosure of the peripheral device fulfils the fire-protection requirements of IEC/EN60950
***This signal is not supported on the ETX®-LX.*

12.6.1 Connector X4 (Signal Levels)

Pin 1–50 IDE1 | IDE2 | ETHERNET | POWER/PM | MISC

Pin	Signal	Description	Type	Termination	Comment
1	GND	Ground	PWR	-	-
2	GND	Ground	PWR	-	-
3	5V_SB	Supply of internal suspend Circuit	I	-	-
4	PWGIN	Power Good / Reset Input	I	-	-
5	PS_ON	Power Supply On	O-5	PU 10k 5V	-
6	SPEAKER	Speaker Output	O-5	-	-
7	PWRBTN#	Power Button	I-5	-	-
8	BATT	Battery Supply	I	-	-
9	KBINH	-	nc	-	not supported
10	LILED	Ethernet Link LED	O-3,3	-	-
11	WDTRIG	Watschdog Trigger Input	I-3,3	-	-
12	ACTLED	Ethernet Activity LED	O-3,3	-	-
13	ROMKBCS#	-	nc	-	not supported
14	SPEEDLED	Ethernet Speed LED	O-3,3	-	on at 100Mb/s
15	EXT_PRG	-	nc	-	not supported
16	I2CLK	I^2C Bus Clock	O-5	-	GP10
17	VCC	Power +5V	PWR	-	-
18	VCC	Power +5V	PWR	-	-
19	OVCR#	Over Current Detect for USB	I-3,3	PU 10k 3,3V	-
20	GPCS#	-	nc	-	not supported
21	EXTSMI#	-	nc	-	not supported
22	I2DAT	I^2C Bus Data	IO-5	-	GP11
23	SMBCLK	SM Bus Clock	O-3,3	PU 2k2 3,3V	-
24	SMBDATA	SM Bus Data	IO-3,3	PU 2k2 3,3V	-
25	SIDE_CS3#	Secondary IDE Chip Select Channel 1	O-3,3	-	-
26	SMBALERT	-	nc	-	Reserved
27	SIDE_CS1#	Secondary IDE Chip Select Channel 0	O-3,3	-	-
28	DASP_S	Master / Slave negotiation	O	-	-
29	SIDE_A2	Secondary IDE Adress Bus	O-3,3	-	-
30	PIDE_CS3#	Primary IDE Chip Select Channel 1	O-3,3	-	-
31	SIDE_A0	Secondary IDE Adress Bus	O-3,3	-	-
32	PIDE_CS1#	Primary IDE Chip Select Channel 0	O-3,3	-	-
33	GND	Ground	PWR	-	-
34	GND	Ground	PWR	-	-
35	PDIAG_S	Master Slave negotiation	I-3,3	-	-
36	PIDE_A2	Primary IDE Adress Bus	O-3,3	-	-
37	SIDE_A1	Secondary IDE Adress Bus	O-3,3	-	-
38	PIDE_A0	Primary IDE Adress Bus	O-3,3	-	-
39	SIDE_INTRQ	Secondary IDE Interrupt Request	I-3,3	-	-
40	PIDE_A1	Primary IDE Adress Bus	O-3,3	-	-
41	nc	-	nc	-	Reserved
42	nc	-	nc	-	Reserved
43	SIDE_AK#	Secondary IDE DMA Acknowledge	O-3,3	-	-
44	PIDE_INTRQ	Primary IDE Interrupt Reqeuest	I-3,3	PU 10k 3,3V	-
45	SIDE_RDY	Secondary IDE Ready	I-3,3	-	-
46	PIDE_AK#	Primary IDE DMA Acknowledge	O-3,3	-	-
47	SIDE_IOR#	Secondary IDE IO Read	O-3,3	-	-
48	PIDE_RDY	Primary IDE Ready	I-3,3	PU 10k 3,3V	-
49	VCC	Power +5V	PWR	-	-
50	VCC	Power +5V	PWR	-	-

Note: The termination resistors in this table are already mounted on the ETX® board. Refer to the design guide for information about additional termination resistors.

Pin 51–100: IDE1 | IDE2 | ETHERNET | POWER/PM | MISC

Pin	Signal	Description	Type	Termination	Comment
51	SIDE_IOW#	Secondary IDE IO Write	O-3,3	-	-
52	PIDE_IOR#	Primary IDE IO Read	O-3,3	-	-
53	SIDE_DRQ	Secondary IDE DMA Request	I-3,3	-	-
54	PIDE_IOW#	Primary IDE IO Write	O-3,3	-	-
55	SIDE_D15	Secondary IDE Data Bus	IO	-	-
56	PIDE_DRQ	Primary IDE DMA Request	I-3,3	-	-
57	SIDE_D0	Secondary IDE Data Bus	IO	-	-
58	PIDE_D15	Primary IDE Data Bus	IO	-	-
59	SIDE_D14	Secondary IDE Data Bus	IO	-	-
60	PIDE_D0	Primary IDE Data Bus	IO	-	-
61	SIDE_D1	Secondary IDE Data Bus	IO	-	-
62	PIDE_D14	Primary IDE Data Bus	IO	-	-
63	SIDE_D13	Secondary IDE Data Bus	IO	-	-
64	PIDE_D1	Primary IDE Data Bus	IO	-	-
65	GND	Ground	PWR	-	-
66	GND	Ground	PWR	-	-
67	SIDE_D2	Secondary IDE Data Bus	IO	-	-
68	PIDE_D13	Primary IDE Data Bus	IO	-	-
69	SIDE_D12	Secondary IDE Data Bus	IO	-	-
70	PIDE_D2	Primary IDE Data Bus	IO	-	-
71	SIDE_D3	Secondary IDE Data Bus	IO	-	-
72	PIDE_D12	Primary IDE Data Bus	IO	-	-
73	SIDE_D11	Secondary IDE Data Bus	IO	-	-
74	PIDE_D3	Primary IDE Data Bus	IO	-	-
75	SIDE_D4	Secondary IDE Data Bus	IO	-	-
76	PIDE_D11	Primary IDE Data Bus	IO	-	-
77	SIDE_D10	Secondary IDE Data Bus	IO	-	-
78	PIDE_D4	Primary IDE Data Bus	IO	-	-
79	SIDE_D5	Secondary IDE Data Bus	IO	-	-
80	PIDE_D10	Primary IDE Data Bus	IO	-	-
81	VCC	Power +5V	PWR	-	-
82	VCC	Power +5V	PWR	-	-
83	SIDE_D9	Secondary IDE Data Bus	IO	-	-
84	PIDE_D5	Primary IDE Data Bus	IO	-	-
85	SIDE_D6	Secondary IDE Data Bus	IO	-	-
86	PIDE_D9	Primary IDE Data Bus	IO	-	-
87	SIDE_D8	Secondary IDE Data Bus	IO	-	-
88	PIDE_D6	Primary IDE Data Bus	IO	-	-
89	nc	-	nc	-	Reserved
90	nc	-	nc	-	Reserved
91	RXD#	Ethernet Receive Differential Signal (RXD-)	I	-	120R between RXD+/-
92	PIDE_D8	Primary IDE Data Bus	IO	-	-
93	RXD	Ethernet Receive Differential Signal (RXD+)	I	-	120R between RXD+/-
94	SIDE_D7	Secondary IDE Data Bus	IO	-	
95	TXD#	Ethernet Transmit Differential Signal (TXD-)	O	-	120R between TXD+/-
96	PIDE_D7	Primary IDE Data Bus	IO	-	
97	TXD	Ethernet Transmit Differential Signal (TXD+)	O	-	120R between TXD+/-
98	HDRST#	Hard Drive Reset	O-3,3	-	-
99	GND	Ground	PWR	-	-
100	GND	Ground	PWR	-	-

Note: The termination resistors in this table are already mounted on the ETX® board. Refer to the design guide for information about additional termination resistors.

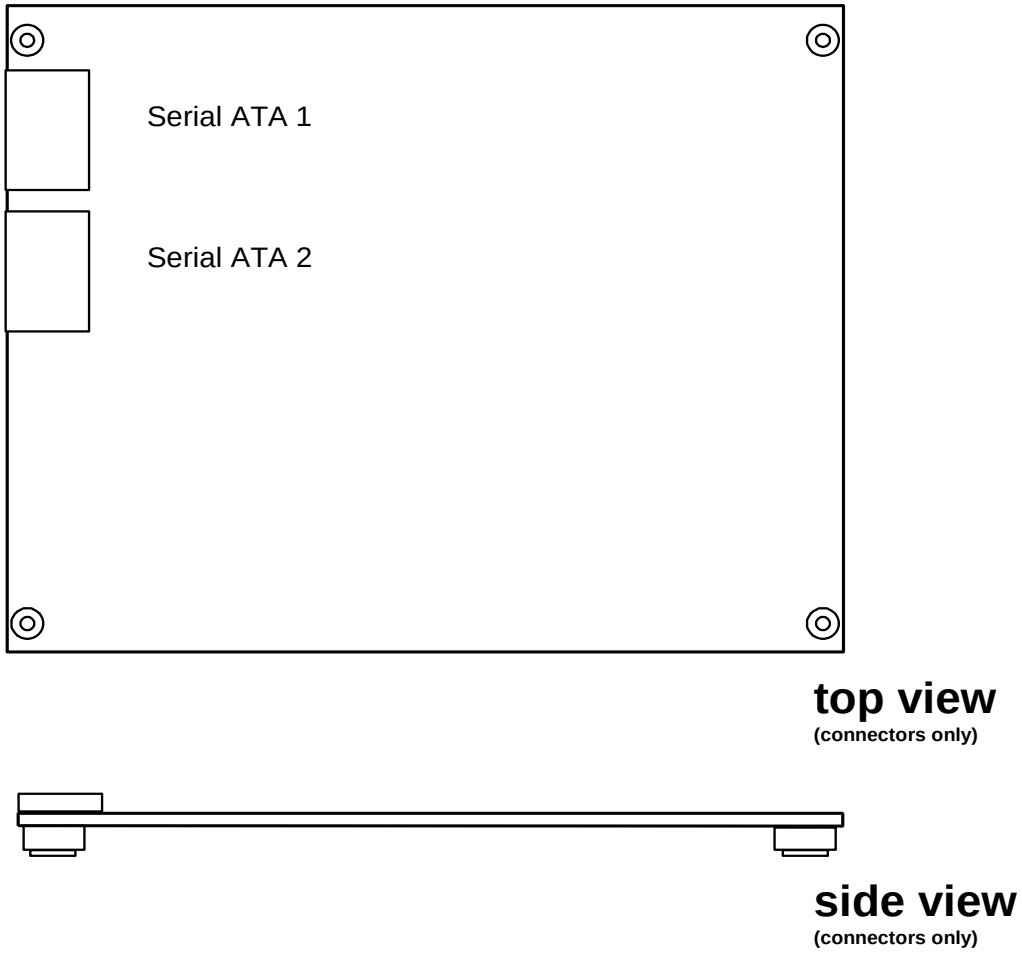
12.7 Serial ATA connectors

The two Serial ATA connectors onboard the ETX®-LX module are 7-pin "L" type.

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	GND	2	SATA_TXP
3	SATA_TXN	4	GND
5	SATA_RXN	6	SATA_RXP
7	GND		

Note: The SATA controller VIA VT6421 (SATA Ports and Onboard Compact Flash) is only supported with Linux Kernel 2.6.18 or later and Windows XP/2k with installed device driver. Please refer to the ETX®-LX download section on the Kontron web page for the latest Windows driver revision.

Both connectors are located within the area which is specified in the ETX® Component SBC™ Specification Document Revision 3.x.



12.8 Compact Flash Socket

A Compact Flash Socket for commercial CompactFlashes TypeII is integrated on the module. You can use the CompactFlash Card as a master device on the secondary IDE channel which is realized over the VIA VT6421A SATA Controller.

Note1: The SATA controller VIA VT6421 (SATA Ports and Onboard Compact Flash) is only supported with Linux Kernel 2.6.18 or later and Windows XP/2k with installed device driver. Please refer to the ETX®-LX download section on the Kontron web page for the latest Windows SATA driver revision.

Note2: A second VT6421 OPROM with native IDE support is supported. Select 'IDE' as SATA/2nd IDE operation mode in setup for full IDE support on secondary IDE and Compact Flash (e.g. for Sandisk 5000 CF Cards). Please refer to the ETX®-LX download section for the IDE driver package.

12.8.1 Compact Flash Socket pinout

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	GND	2	SIDE_D3
3	SIDE_D4	4	SIDE_D5
5	SIDE_D6	6	SIDE_D7
7	SIDE_CS0#	8	GND
9	GND	10	GND
11	GND	12	GND
13	VCC3	14	GND
15	GND	16	GND
17	GND	18	SIDE_A2
19	SIDE_A1	20	SIDE_A0
21	SIDE_D0	22	SIDE_D1
23	SIDE_D2	24	n.c.
25	n.c.	26	n.c.
27	SIDE_D11	28	SIDE_D12
29	SIDE_D13	30	SIDE_D14
31	SIDE_D15	32	SIDE_CS1#
33	n.c.	34	SIDE_IOR#
35	SIDE_IOW#	36	VCC3
37	SIDE_IRQ	38	VCC3
39	-CSEL	40	n.c.
41	DIE_RST#	42	SIDE_RDY
43	SIDE_DRQ#	44	DDACK# IN
45	DASP-S	46	PDIAG-S
47	SIDE_D8	48	SIDE_D9
49	SIDE_D10	50	GND

13 Appendix F: Limitations

This list documents the limitations of Kontron's ETX®-LX board. It documents which BIOS- or hardware revision will fix a certain limitation.

13.1 BIOS Limitations

- External Super I/O does not work after S3

13.2 Hardware Limitations

PCI bus is only 3,3V and NOT 5V compatible

Note: Do not use PCI hardware which only supports 5V.

ISA Bus limitations

- The signals IOCHCK#, MASTER#, NOWS#, REFSH# and SBHE# are not supported
- 16bit DMA signals DRQ5...7 and DACK5...7 are not available
- 16bit ISA memory access is not supported

13.3 Workaround for drop in supply voltage in AT/single supply mode

In some error case were the level of the power supply breaks down for shorter than 100ms, the module will not wake up again.

If the power supply on the baseboard is not able to avoid this error case, the module can be waken up after the supply voltage is valid again by generating a pulse on the power button signal (pin X4.7). This pulse has to be low active generated by an open drain circuit with a duration of at least 1ms.

14 Appendix E: JIDA Standard

Every board with an on-board BIOS extension supports the following function calls, which supply information about the board. Jump*tec* Intelligent Device Architecture (JIDA) functions are called via Interrupt 15h. Functions include:

- AH=Eah
- AL=function number
- DX=4648h (security word)
- CL=board number (starting with 1)

The interrupt returns a CL≠0 if a board with the number specified in CL does not exist. CL will equal 0 if the board number exists. In this case, the content of DX determines if the operation was successful. DX=6B6Fh indicates success; other values indicate an error.

14.1 JIDA Information

To obtain information about boards that follow the JIDA standard, use the following procedure.

- Call Get BIOS ID with CL=1.
  The name of the first device installed will be returned.
  If you see the result **Board exists** (CL=0), increment CL, and call **Get BIOS ID** again.
- Repeat until you see **Board not present** (CL≠0).
  You now know the names of all boards within your system that follow the JIDA standard.
- You can find out more information about a specific board by calling the appropriate inquiry function with the board's number in CL.

Note: Association between board and board number may change because of configuration changes. Do not rely on any association between board and board number. Always use the procedure described above to determine the association between board and board number.

Refer to the JIDA manual in the jidai1xx.zip folder, which is available from the Kontron Embedded Modules GmbH Web site, for further information on implementing and using JIDA calls with C sample code.

15 Appendix F: PC Architecture Information

The following sources of information can help you better understand PC architecture.

15.1 Buses

15.1.1 ISA, Standard PS/2 – Connectors

- AT Bus Design: Eight and Sixteen-Bit ISA, E-ISA and EISA Design, Edward Solari, Annabooks, 1990, ISBN 0-929392-08-6
- AT IBM Technical Reference Vol 1&2, 1985
- ISA & EISA Theory and Operation, Edward Solari, 1992, ISBN 0929392159
- ISA Bus Specifications and Application Notes, Jan. 30, 1990, Intel
- ISA System Architecture, Third Edition, Tom Shanley and Don Anderson, Addison-Wesley Publishing Company, 1995, ISBN 0-201-40996-8
- Personal Computer Bus Standard P996, Draft D2.00, Jan. 18, 1990, IEEE Inc
- Technical Reference Guide, Extended Industry Standard Architecture Expansion Bus

15.1.2 PCI/104

- Embedded PC 104 Consortium
  The consortium provides information about PC/104 and PC/104-Plus technology. You can search for information about the consortium on the Web.
- PCI SIG The PCI-SIG provides a forum for its ~900 member companies, who develop PCI products based on the specifications that are created by the PCI-SIG. You can search for information about the SIG on the Web.
- *PCI & PCI-X Hardware and Software Architecture & Design*, Fifth Edition, Edward Solari and George Willse, Annabooks, 2001, ISBN 0-929392-63-9.
- *PCI System Architecture,* Tom Shanley and Don Anderson, Addison-Wesley, 2000, ISBN 0-201-30974-2.

15.2 General PC Architecture

- *Embedded PCs*, Markt&Technik GmbH, ISBN 3-8272-5314-4 (German)
- *Hardware Bible*, Winn L. Rosch, SAMS, 1997, 0-672-30954-8
- *Interfacing to the IBM Personal Computer*, Second Edition, Lewis C. Eggebrecht, SAMS, 1990, ISBN 0-672-22722-3
- *The Indispensable PC Hardware Book*, Hans-Peter Messmer, Addison-Wesley, 1994, ISBN 0-201-62424-9
- *The PC Handbook: For Engineers, Programmers, and Other Serious PC Users, Sixth Edition*, John P. Choisser and John O. Foster, Annabooks, 1997, ISBN 0-929392-36-1

15.3 Ports

15.3.1 RS-232 Serial

- EIA-232-E standard
  The EIA-232-E standard specifies the interface between (for example) a modem and a computer so that they can exchange data. The computer can then send data to the modem, which then sends the data over a telephone line. The data that the modem receives from the telephone line can then be sent to the computer. You can search for information about the standard on the Web.
- *RS-232 Made Easy: Connecting Computers, Printers, Terminals, and Modems*, Martin D. Seyer, Prentice Hall, 1991, ISBN 0-13-749854-3
- National Semiconductor
  The Interface Data Book includes application notes. Type “232” as search criteria to obtain a list of application notes. You can search for information about the data book on National Semiconductor’s Web site.

15.3.2 Serial ATA

Serial AT Attachment (ATA) Working Group. This X3T10 standard defines an integrated bus interface between disk drives and host processors. It provides a common point of attachment for systems manufacturers and the system. You can search for information about the working group on the Web. We recommend you also search the Web for information on *4.2 I/O cable*, if you use hard disks in a DMA3 or PIO4 mode.

15.3.3 USB

USB Specification.

USB Implementers Forum, Inc. is a non-profit corporation founded by the group of companies that developed the Universal Serial Bus specification. The USB-IF was formed to provide a support organization and forum for the advancement and adoption of Universal Serial Bus technology. You can search for information about the standard on the Web.

15.4 Programming

- *C Programmer’s Guide to Serial Communications*, Second Edition, Joe Campbell, SAMS, 1987, ISBN 0-672-22584-0
- *Programmer’s Guide to the EGA, VGA, and Super VGA Cards*, Third Edition, Richard Ferraro, Addison-Wesley, 1990, ISBN 0-201-57025-4
- *The Programmer’s PC Sourcebook,* Second Edition, Thom Hogan, Microsoft Press, 1991, ISBN 1-55615-321-X
- *Undocumented PC, A Programmer’s Guide to I/O, CPUs, and Fixed Memory Areas, Frank van Gilluwe, Second Edition, Addison-Wesley, 1997, ISBN 0-201-47950-8.*

16 Appendix G: Document-Revision History

Revision	Date	Edited by	Changes
0.1	06.05.2015	VGG	Initial Release based on ETX-LX
1.0	26.06.2015	VGG	Released Version
1.1	17.11.2020	UMA	Added hint for non 5V_SB operability